COUNTY OF MARIN

AUDIT REPORT

JUNE 30, 2008

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COUNTY OF MARIN AUDIT REPORT For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Supervisors County of Marin San Rafael, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Marin, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Marin County Redevelopment Agency, the Housing Authority of the County of Marin, and the Marin County Transit District, which represent the following percentages of assets and revenues/additions as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008:

Opinion Unit	Assets	Revenues/ Additions
Governmental Activities	.15%	.36%
Business-Type Activities	66.62%	53.27%
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	.19%	.14%

Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Marin County Redevelopment Agency, the Housing Authority of the County of Marin, and the Marin County Transit District is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement

To the Board of Supervisors County of Marin San Rafael, California

presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Marin, California, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows where applicable thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

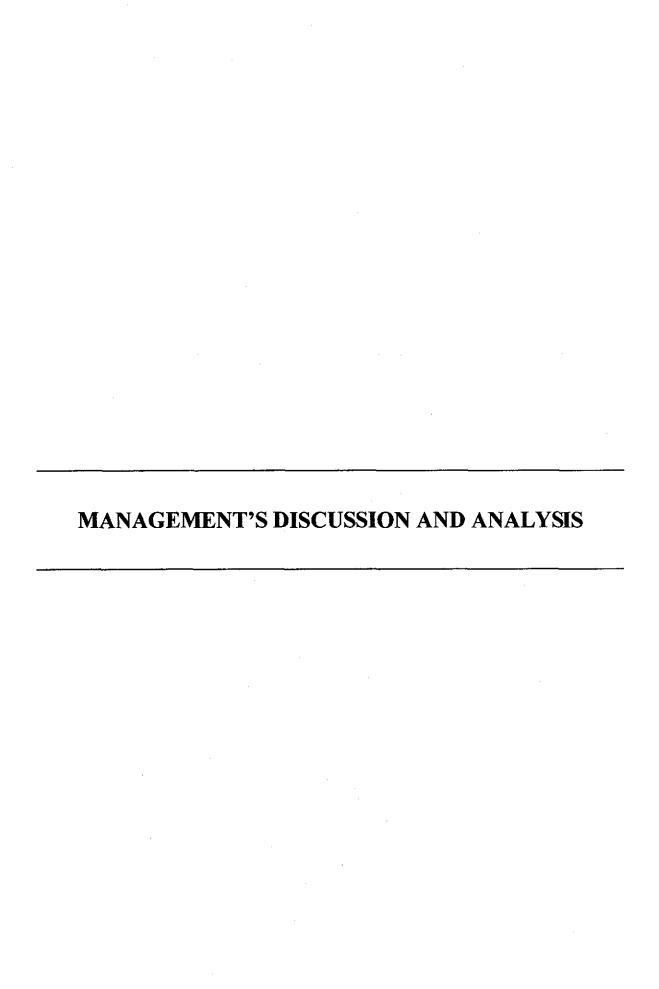
In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated January 8, 2010, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A), and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133), Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations) is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Roseville, California January 8, 2010

Gallina LLP



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

In this section of the County of Marin (County) annual financial report, County management discusses financial results for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008, and certain financial events subsequent to that date. It should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements following this section.

I. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the County exceeded its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2007-08 by \$1,597,304,240. Of this amount, \$132,712,257 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The County's total net assets decreased by \$22,938,362. Additional information on the changes in net assets can be found at page 4 and 7.
- As of June 30, 2008 the County's governmental funds reported ending fund balances of \$294,648,088 reflecting a slight increase of \$500,490, or 0.17%.
- In compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers of Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB), County will begin to recognize its funding progress on postemployment healthcare plan on both its financial statements and related footnote effective this fiscal year. As of the end of fiscal year 2007-08, County has a net outstanding OPEB obligation of \$31,377.000.
- At the end of fiscal year 2007-08, unreserved/undesignated fund balance of the General Fund is \$28,861,795.

II. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis in this section are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements.

- 1) Management Discussion and Analysis which provides the financial highlights;
- 2) The County's basic financial statements, which consist of the Government-Wide financial statements; the Fund financial statements and the Notes to the financial statements;
- 3) Required Supplementary Information.

A. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements provide an overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business that is, using the accrual basis of accounting. They demonstrate accountability of Marin County by showing the extent to which it has met operating objectives efficiently and effectively, using all resources available, and whether it can continue to do so.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

The <u>statement of net assets</u> presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

As for the County, the financial position has been steady over the past fiscal years: the unrestricted net assets have increased by \$49,006,133, from 2006-07 prior to the recognition in 2007-08 on the net obligation for employer's postemployment health benefits cost of \$31,377,000. As a result, the total unrestricted net assets for 2007-08 have increased by \$17,629,133.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information on expenses and revenues to show how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported as soon as earned and expenses are reported as soon as incurred even though the related cash flows may not take place until future fiscal periods.

Both of these government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education and recreation. The business-type activities of the County are the activities of the Housing Authority, County Transit, County Fair, and the County Airport.

Certain component units such as the County community service districts, flood control zones areas, redevelopment agencies and the Golden Gate Tobacco Funding Corporation which are essentially part of County operations and their financial data are blended in with operational funds of the County.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide evidence of accountability by demonstrating compliance with budgetary decisions made in public forum. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or purposes stipulated by laws, regulations or policies. The funds of the County are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

The County maintains many individual governmental funds. The financial statements for governmental funds information is presented separately for two major funds: the General Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are aggregated into a third, single column, the Other Governmental Funds.

Proprietary funds are of two types. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses Enterprise funds to account for its Housing Authority, County Transit, County Fair and County Airport operations. The County also uses an internal service fund to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the County's various functions for its workers compensation insurance. This internal service fund is presented in a single column of the proprietary fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds statements provide the same type of information as the part of government-wide financial statements pertaining to business-type activities, only in more detail.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's programs. In the fiduciary fund financial statement, the County presents in two columns, one for several Agencies Funds and all other outside agencies in one Investment Trust Fund column. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to that used for proprietary funds.

C. Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information provided in the financial statements.

D. Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements, this report presents Required Supplementary Information (RSI) that includes budgetary comparison for the General Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

III. GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Below is the comparative analysis of government-wide data for fiscal year 2007-08.

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008 2007	% Change
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 438,533,344	\$ 437,457,432	\$ 23,878,148	\$ 18,217,846	\$ 462,411,492 \$ 455,675	,278 1.48%
Capital assets, net	1,421,672,385	1,410,287,077	32,712,459	31,323,459	1,454,384,844 1,441,610	,536 0.89%
Total assets	1,860,205,729	1,847,744,509	56,590,607	49,541,305	1,916, 7 96,336 1,897,285	,814 1.03%
Liabilities:						
Current and other liabilities	66,203,282	50,349,002	4,488,919	4,638,335	70,692,201 54,987	,337 28.56%
Noncurrent liabilities	243,637,805	217,922,374	5,162,090	4,133,501	248,799,895 222,055	,875 12.04%
Total liabilities	309,841,087	268,271,376	9,651,009	8,771,836	319,492,096 277,043	,212 15.32%
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt	1,339,735,080	1,366,596,633	26,484,886	26,603,775	1,366,219,966 1,393,200	,408 -1.94%
Restricted	90,025,545	106,455,016	8,346,472	5,504,054	98,372,017 111,959	,070 -12.14%
Unrestricted	120,604,017	106,421,484	12,108,240	8,661,640	132,712,257 115,083	,124 15.32%
Total Net Assets	\$ 1,550,364,642	\$ 1,579,473,133	\$ 46,939,598	\$ 40,769,469	\$ 1,597,304,240 \$ 1,620,242	,602 -1.42%

The largest portion of the County's net assets (85.0%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding.

An additional portion of the County's net assets (6.2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used according to government rules and regulations. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets, \$132,712,257, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Changes in Net Assets

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			T	Total				
	2008		2007		2008	2007	_	2008		2007	% Change
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 69,113	,	\$	61,579,767	\$ 14,559,050	\$ 14,512,817	\$	83,672,310	\$	76,092,584	9.96%
Operating grants and contributions	178,914	,115		179,763,216	47,461,190	44,180,894		226,375,305		223,944,110	1.09%
Capital grants and contributions					548,994	1,085,801		548,994		1,085,801	-49.44%
General revenues:											
Property taxes	195,047	•		165,848,803	3,233,545	2,906,523		198,280,690		168,755,326	17.50%
Sales and use taxes	2,920	,483		2,980,581				2,920,483		2,980,581	-2.02%
Other taxes	8,438	,480		9,830,520	~			8,438,480		9,830,520	-14.16%
Interest and investment earnings	13,928	,177		14,711,655	382,508	534,171		14,310,685		15,245,826	-6.13%
Tobacco settlement revenues	2,856	,389		2,545,345				2,856,389		2,545,345	12.22%
Other revenue	3,538	,084		14,525,509	510,973		_	4,049,057	_	14,525,509	-72.12%
Total revenues	474,756	,133	_	451,785,396	66,696,260	63,220,206	_	541,452,393	_	515,005,602	5.14%
Expenses:											
General government	95,010	,097		89,662,322				95,010,097		89,662,322	5.96%
Public protection	159,494	,067		128,292,008				159,494,067		128,292,008	24.32%
Public ways and facilities	41,518	,385		36,194,234	*-			41,518,385		36,194,234	14.71%
Health and sanitation	97,826	,891		86,269,400	- -			97,826,891		86,269,400	13.40%
Public assistance	61,789	,547		53,747,450	- -			61,789,547		53,747,450	14.96%
Education	13,346	,183		12,685,835				13,346,183		12,685,835	5.21%
Recreation and culture services	17,274	,181		14,395,195				17,274,181		14,395,195	20.00%
Interest on long-term debt	12,155	,613		8,816,207				12,155,613		8,816,207	37.88%
Housing	-				33,585,123	33,441,426		33,585,123		33,441,426	0.43%
Other business-type activities					27,413,673	27,634,512		27,413,673		27,634,512	-0.80%
Total Expenses	498,414	,964		430,062,651	60,998,796	61,075,938		559,413,760	_	491,138,589	13.90%
Change in net assets	(23,658	<u>,831)</u>	_	21,722,745	5,697,464	2,144,268		(17,961,367)		23,867,013	-175.26%
Net assets, beginning	1,579,473	,133		1,551,549,597	40,769,469	9,243,939		1,620,242,602		1,560,793,536	3.81%
	(5,449	,660)	_	6,200,791	472,665	29,381,262	_	(4,976,995)		35,582,053	-113.99%
Net assets, beginning as restated	1,574,023	,473	-	1,557,750,388	41,242,134	38,625,201	_	1,615,265,607	_	1,596,375,589	1.18%
Net assets, ending	\$ 1,550,364	,642	\$	1,579,473,133	\$ 46,939,598	\$ 40,769,469	<u>\$</u>	1,597,304,240	\$	1,620,242,602	-1.42%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

IV. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with budgetary and legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The general government functions are included in the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Capital Project Funds. Included in these funds are the special districts governed by the Board of Supervisors. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At June 30, 2008, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$294,648,088, which basically levels with that of prior fiscal period, showing a slight net increase of \$500,490 as compared to fiscal year 2007. Among the major changes in fund balance components are the \$4.24 million reduction in encumbrances, \$1.08 million decrease in advances to other funds, and \$0.75 million decrease in inventories. The decrease in encumbrances is due to the gradual completion on County's new Health and Wellness Center. And the County's component units repaying the loans lower the County's reserves for advances to the other funds. The declining inventory balance indicating consumption of previously purchased goods and supplies. Fiscal year 2007-08 is the fifth year the County paid Pension Obligation Bond (P.O.B.) semi-annual interest. Annual P.O.B. principal payments will start in fiscal year 2008-09. Principal payments begin at \$50,000 for 2008-09 and increase substantially over the next ten years to approximately \$5 million per year.

A total of \$33,002,021 of fund balance is reserved to indicate that funds are not available for new spending because it has been committed: (1) to pay for contracted obligations from vendors invoices (\$25.2 million), (2) to reflect the uncertainty of collection of Notes Receivable (\$6.7 million), (3) to reflect inventories and thus does not represent available spendable resources (\$0.65 million), and (4) to provide funds to its blended component units (\$0.38 million).

The general fund is the main operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2008, unreserved and undesignated fund balance of the general fund was \$28,861,795, while total fund balance reached \$159,119,857. As measures of the general fund's liquidity, it is useful to note that unreserved and undesignated fund balance represents 8.05% of total fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 44.40% of that same amount.

Revenues for governmental funds totaled \$484,390,663 in fiscal year 2007-08, representing an increase of \$45.9 million as compared to fiscal year 2006-07.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

The following table presents the revenues from various sources as well as increases and decreases from the prior years in the governmental funds.

	FY 2008			FY 2007			Change		
	 Amount	% of total		Amount	% of total	Amount		% of total	
Taxes	\$ 206,031,654	42.53%	\$	177,645,895	40.52%	\$	28,385,759	15.98%	
Licenses and permits	9,272,355	1.91%		8,921,535	2.03%		350,820	3.93%	
Intergovernmental revenues	188,290,712	38.87%		170,386,619	38.86%		17,904,093	10.51%	
Charges for services	52,906,956	10.92%		41,553,660	9.48%		11,353,296	27.32%	
Fines and forfeits	7,566,336	1.56%		8,177,045	1.87%		(610,709)	-7,47%	
Use of money and property	13,928,177	2.88%		14,711,655	3.36%		(783,478)	-5.33%	
Miscellaneous	6,394,473	1.32%		17,050,494	3.89%		(10,656,021)	-62.50%	
Total Revenues	\$ 484,390,663	100.00%	\$	438,446,903	100.00%	\$	45,943,760	10.48%	

The County's total revenues in fiscal year 2008 increased by \$46 million as compared to fiscal year 2007. The sources of revenue increase are \$28 million in taxes, \$18 million on intergovernmental revenues, and \$11 million from charges for services. These increases are partially offset by \$10.6 million decline in miscellaneous revenues. Significant changes for major revenues sources are explained below:

Taxes revenues, representing 42.53% of the County's total revenues, are property tax revenues, special taxes, fees and assessments revenues, sales tax revenues, and Transient Occupancy Tax revenues. The \$28 million increase in taxes revenues in fiscal year 2008, as compared to fiscal year 2007, is mainly due to: (1) the one-time \$17 million state settlement to the County from the erroneous apportionment of Education Revenue Augmentation Fund on state-sponsored Home Care Mental Assistance program; and (2) \$7 million rise of secured property tax collection due to the housing market condition. It should be noted that property values in the county, as in the state and nation as a whole, have deteriorated. We anticipate reduced property tax growth looking ahead.

Intergovernmental revenues, representing 39% of total revenues, provide funding sources to the County for various services to the citizens in the areas such as health, social, and public protections. The \$18 million increase in Intergovernmental revenues in fiscal year 2008, as compared to fiscal year 2007, is mainly due to modest program grants and aids funding improvement as well as a one-time state contribution on numerous agriculture, public work, and public protection programs. In addition, federal aid amounting \$9.5 million has been accounted herein for County's storm damage in recent time.

Charges for Services, representing 10.9% of total revenues, are mostly inflows of fees for services that County has provided to other governmental, non-profit entities, and individuals, these fees afford a means to recoup service cost and to alleviate revenue shortfalls from the state and federal sources. As for fiscal year 2008, there is an increase of \$11 million in such revenue as compared to fiscal year 2007.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

The following table presents expenditures by function compared to prior year's amounts in the governmental funds.

	FY 20	08	FY 20	007	Change		
	Amount	% of total	Amount	% of total	Amount	% of total	
Current:							
General government	\$ 83,507,072	17.38%	\$ 84,263,526	18.96%	\$ (756,454)	-0.90%	
Public protection	145,943,750	30.37%	125,217,313	28.17%	20,726,437	16.55%	
Public ways	29,551,781	6.15%	26,946,567	6.06%	2,605,214	9.67%	
Health & sanitation	93,272,025	19.41%	85,683,169	19.28%	7,588,856	8.86%	
Public assistance	57,190,292	11.90%	53,709,223	12.08%	3,481,069	6.48%	
Education	12,275,585	2.55%	12,688,534	2.85%	(412,949)	-3,25%	
Culture and recreation	15,411,105	3.21%	13,830,438	3.11%	1,580,667	11.43%	
Capital outlay	28,837,335	6.00%	29,087,206	6.54%	(249,871)	-0.86%	
Debt service:							
Principal Principal	4,243,324	0.88%	3,892,833	0.88%	350,491	9.00%	
Interest	10,312,950	2.15%	8,495,748	1.91%	1,817,202	21.39%	
Issuance costs		0.00%	628,378	0.14%	(628,378)	-100.00%	
Total	\$ 480,545,219	100.00%	\$ 444,442,935	100.00%	\$ 36,102,284	8.12%	

The County's total expenses in fiscal year 2008 increased by \$36 million as compared to fiscal year 2007. These increases are mainly due to spending growth on these service functions: \$20.7 million in Public Protection, \$7.58 million in Health & Sanitation, \$3.48 million in Public Assistance, and \$1.58 million in Culture and recreation. Significant changes for major expenditure functions in the governmental funds are explained below:

- General Government expenditures, representing 17.4% of the County's annual spending, is basically level with prior fiscal year's data, reflecting the stagnation of slowed-down economy at the local level as well as state-wide.
- Public Protection expenditures, now account for 30.4% of County's aggregate spending. Major public protection services such as fire, police, and detention rely heavily on full-time personnel, temporary personnel and overtime. Personnel costs increased due to compensation adjustments for existing employees and the hiring of additional temporary personnel, as demands for service increased. In addition the construction of the East Shore Wastewater System is in progress, and accounted for within the public safety category. As of this year, the project has incurred \$1.1 million in costs.
- Health and Sanitation expenditures, representing 19% of County-wide spending, has experienced a \$7 million increase, mirroring funding improvement from intergovernmental sources such as grants and aids, as well as the allocation of \$5.2 million for the new on-going OPEB cost.
- Capital Outlay expenditures, lower from last year's 6% to this year's 5.8% County-wide spending, reflects major project on continued construction of County's Health and Wellness Center.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

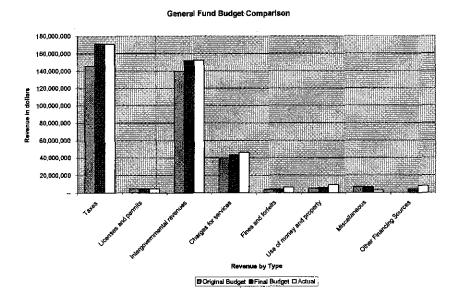
Proprietary Funds. The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found on the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. These include four Enterprise funds: Marin County Transit, Housing Authority, County Fair and the County Airport; and one internal service fund: Marin County Workers Compensation Fund. Factors affecting the financial results of these funds were discussed earlier in the business-type activities of the County.

V. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

During fiscal year 2008, actual resources surpassed final budgeted resources by \$8.4 million, this increase stems mainly from revenues of interest earning, charges for services, and legal fines. For financial outflow, actual spending was less than the final budgeted appropriation by \$18.5 million. This spending variance between the final budget and the actual data was mainly due to expenditure reductions of \$29.9 million in *General Government* spending and \$3 million in *Health and Sanitation*, reflecting the economy slowdown and state budget cut. These reductions were partially offset by a net of additional \$14 million of non-budgeted transfers out from the General Fund to aid numerous capital projects, debt services, and low-cost housing developments.

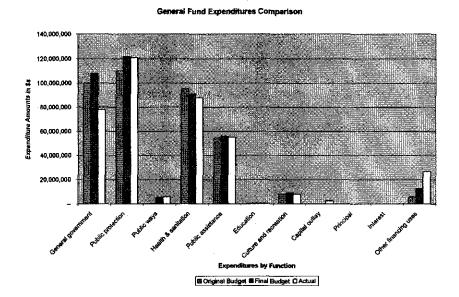
Resources (revenues & other financing sources) and appropriations (expenditures & other financing uses) represent the legal level of budgetary controls. In fiscal year 2007-08, the final budgeted resources of the general fund are \$391,918,590. This is \$46,465,240 or 13.5% higher than the original budget of \$345,453,350. The final budgeted appropriation for the General Fund is \$403,391,539 or \$29,298,717 or 7.8% higher than the original budgeted appropriation of \$374,092,822.

The following charts provide a comparison of General Fund's budgeted numbers for revenue sources and expenditures by functions.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

The following chart provides a comparison of General Fund's budgeted expenditures with final budget and actual expenditures by function:



VI. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

A. Capital Assets

The County's capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2008, amounts to \$1,454,384,844 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures and improvements, equipment and general infrastructure (i.e. roads, bridges, flood control networks, and sewage systems).

The following table provides a comparison of County's capital assets net of accumulated depreciation in fiscal year 2007/08 compared with fiscal year 2006/07:

County of Marin's Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation)

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	7	Change	
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007	Inc (Dec)
Land and infrastructure land	\$ 1,221,017,118	\$ 1,220,623,366	\$ 7,049,682	\$ 6,324,264	\$1,228,066,800	\$1,226,947,630	\$ 1,119,170
Structures and improvements	73,089,778	73,433,372	21,322,660	20,522,063	94,412,438	93,955,435	457,003
Equipment	7,926,916	7,358,703	810,959	605,621	8,737,875	7,964,324	773,551
Infrastructure	70,881,892	80,085,125		-	70,881,892	80,085,125	(9,203,233)
Other property			2,450,492	2,568,438	2,450,492	2,568,438	(117,946)
Construction in progress	48,756,681	28,786,511	1,078,666	1,303,073	49,835,347	30,089,584	19,745,763
Total	\$ 1,421,672,385	\$ 1,410,287,077	\$ 32,712,459	\$ 31,323,459	\$1,454,384,844	\$1,441,610,536	\$ 12,774,308

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

B. Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2008, the County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$255,615,662 consisting of \$173,359,706 in bonds payable, \$39,110,000 in outstanding certificates of participation, \$958,374 in capitalized lease obligations, \$6,987,842 in loans payable, \$13,079,740 in compensated absences payable, and \$22,120,000 in claims liability.

Additional information on the County's long-term liabilities can be found in Note 8 of this report.

VII. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND FY 2008-09 BUDGET

The economic development for California in 2008 has entered a slow phase in contrast with prior years because of declined housing and financial service market. Comparatively speaking, Marin County is better off than most other areas due to the relatively stable standing of our real estate market and our prudent fiscal management. However, Marin County government is not immune from these difficult times and faces a long-term budget shortfall like other organizations. Just as it is committed to creating a more sustainable Marin, we're also committed to protecting our financial resources and will need to reduce spending to live within our means. While Marin's unemployment rate remained low when compared to state's and nation's averages, businesses within the County such as Construction, Finance & Insurance, and Retails are expected to experience contraction in the coming years due to stagnating market condition. To meet these challenges, the County is in the process of improving the ways vital services are delivered to the communities, making long-term capital investment on Health & Wellness Campus, and preparing funding arrangement to maintain regional economic sustainability and "safety net" programs such as welfare, health, and family cares.

Looking ahead, the County's overall budgeted financing sources for FY2008-09 are estimated at \$408.3 million from this year's \$399.5 million, reflecting a slight 2.2% increase; and the budgeted financing requirements would grow to \$435.1 million from last year's \$425.2 million, showing a 2.3% rise. This pattern of leveling movement for the inflow and outflow of financing resources are expected to alter in the coming years as recessionary economy brings contraction to the revenue bases and the subsequent increase of public reliance on local government for additional services and social assistance. Given the severity of projected economic conditions, the typical practice of annual, incremental budget reductions may not be sufficient to continue providing a high quality of service. Our new fiscal reality requires changes in how we do business to be more adaptive to changing conditions in order to maintain or enhance our quality of service. The county plans to initiate a long-term restructuring process, a "blueprint" series of strategies to set a direction for the County organization to balance its budget while achieving a long-term vision of sustainability. By planning ahead and building on our successes, we can minimize the risk of more significant service cuts and make changes based on our priorities and values.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

VIII. REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to demonstrate accountability by the Marin County government by providing both a long-term and near-term views of the County's finances. Questions or comments regarding any of the information presented in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Mark Walsh, CPA
Finance Director
County of Marin
3501 Civic Center Dr., Room 225
San Rafael, CA 94903
Tel: (415) 499-615

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2008

	Primary Gover			ary Government		
	Governmental			usiness-Type		
		Activities	_	Activities		Total
ASSETS			•			
Cash and investments in County pool	\$	298,462,507	\$	5,870,097	\$	304,332,604
Other outside investments				2,819,108		2,819,108
Receivables:						•
Accounts and other - net		10,956,987		411,945		11,368,932
Taxes		1,388,463		64,835		1,453,298
Due from other agencies		18,006,344		4,297,082		22,303,426
Employee loans		1,072,501				1,072,501
Other loans		9,034,019		3,995,371		13,029,390
Inventories		647,936				647,936
Prepaid items and other assets		3,950		1,340,261		1,344,211
Internal balances		589,281		(589,281)		
Restricted cash held with trustee		5,120,093				5,120,093
Other restricted cash				5,668,730		5,668,730
Deferred fiscal charges		3,947,313				3,947,313
Net pension asset		89,303,950				89,303,950
Capital assets:				-		
Nondepreciable		1,269,773,799		8,128,348		1,277,902,147
Depreciable, net		151,898,586		24,584,111		176,482,697
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,860,205,729	\$	56,590,607	\$	1,916,796,336
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	8,001,564	\$	2,567,777	\$	10,569,341
Salaries and benefits payable	•	11,791,919		201,748	-	11,993,667
Accrued interest payable		4,181,990		727,712		4,909,702
Unearned revenues		1,514,360		127,206		1,641,566
Other liabilities		2,757,219		747,067		3,504,286
Estimated claims		22,120,000				22,120,000
Compensated absences:		,·,				
Due within one year		10,582,664		46,989		10,629,653
Due beyond one year		2,294,529		155,558		2,450,087
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year		5,253,566		70,420		5,323,986
Due beyond one year		209,966,276		5,006,532		214,972,808
Liability for post-employment benefits		31,377,000		· · · · ·		31,377,000
Total liabilities		309,841,087		9,651,009	_	319,492,096
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,339,735,080		26,484,886		1,366,219,966
Restricted:		1,000,700,000		20,404,000		1,500,217,700
Education		5,273,454				5,273,454
Health and sanitation		16,146,705		_		16,146,705
Public assistance		10,915,608				10,915,608
Public protection		35,405,016				35,405,016
Public ways and facilities		6,514,329				6,514,329
Recreation		6,418,145				6,418,145
Debt service		9,352,288				9,352,288
Other purposes		-,,		8,346,472		8,346,472
Unrestricted		120,604,017		12,108,240		132,712,257
Total net assets		1,550,364,642		46,939,598		1,597,304,240
	Φ.		<u></u>	57, 500, 707		1.01/.70/.22/
Total Habilities and net assets	<u> </u>	1,860,205,729	<u> </u>	56,590,607	<u> </u>	1,916,796,336

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

			Program Revenues					
	Expenses		Fees, Fines, and Charges for			Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Frants and
				Services				ontributions
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities:								
General government	\$	95,010,097	\$	29,213,708	\$	2,769,312	\$	
Public protection		159,494,067		28,126,901		29,366,720		
Public ways and facilities		41,518,385		2,587,602		20,409,663		
Health and sanitation		97,826,891		3,745,162		71,684,041		·
Public assistance		61,789,547		1,204,826		51,891,769		
Education		13,346,183		238,400		729,022		
Recreation and cultural services		17,274,181		3,996,661		2,063,588		
Debt Service:								
Interest and fiscal charges		12,155,613						
Total governmental activities	_	498,414,964		69,113,260	_	178,914,115		
Business-Type Activities:								
Housing Authority		33,585,123		2,804,727		31,394,617		548,994
Other business-type activities		27,413,673		11,754,323		16,066,573		
Total business-type activities	_	60,998,796	_	14,559,050	_	47,461,190		548,994
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	559,413,760	\$	83,672,310	\$	226,375,305	\$	548,994

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales and use taxes

Other

Unrestricted interest and investment earnings

Tobacco settlement

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets, beginning of year Prior period adjustment Net assets, end of year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

 •	Changes in Net Ass		
 	Primary Governme Business-	111	
Governmental		•	
Activities	Type Activities		Totai
 Activities	Activities		Total
\$ (63,027,077)	\$	\$	(63,027,077)
(102,000,446)			(102,000,446)
(18,521,120)			(18,521,120)
(22,397,688)			(22,397,688)
(8,692,952)			(8,692,952)
(12,378,761)			(12,378,761)
(11,213,932)			(11,213,932)
(12,155,613)			(12,155,613)
(250,387,589)			(250,387,589)
40	1,163,215		1,163,215
	407,223		407,223
 	1,570,438		1,570,438
(250,387,589)	1,570,438		(248,817,151)
195,047,145	3,233,545		198,280,690
2,920,483			2,920,483
8,438,480			8,438,480
13,928,177	382,508		14,310,685
2,856,389			2,856,389
 3,538,084	510,973		4,049,057
 226,728,758	4,127,026		230,855,784
(23,658,831)	5,697,464		(17,961,367)
1,579,473,133	40,769,469		1,620,242,602
 (5,449,660)	472,665		(4,976,995)
\$ 1,550,364,642	\$ 46,939,598	\$	1,597,304,240

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2008

ASSETS	General	Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Cash and investments in County pool Cash with fiscal agent Receivables:	\$ 152,323,497 771	\$ 37,520,310 18,073	\$ 85,919,688 4,870,842	\$ 275,763,495 4,889,686
Taxes	1,388,463			1,388,463
Accounts	10,908,779		48,208	10,956,987
Notes receivable	2,295,140	203,554	6,535,325	9,034,019
Employee loans receivable	1,072,501	´		1,072,501
Due from other funds	694,334		109,834	804,168
Due from other governmental agencies	12,382,220	1,232,426	4,391,698	18,006,344
Advances to other funds	333,333		45,400	378,733
Prepaid expenses	3,950	**		3,950
Inventory of supplies	543,430		104,506	<u>647,936</u>
Total assets	\$ 181,946,418	\$ 38,974,363	\$102,025,501	<u>\$ 322,946,282</u>
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 4,543,446	\$ 485,506	\$ 2,928,521	\$ 7,957,473
Accrued salaries and benefits	10,850,673	ψ 400,000 	941,246	11,791,919
Due to other funds	19,650,075		214,887	214,887
Advances payable			378,733	378,733
Deferred revenue	5,197,963			5,197,963
Fiduciary liabilities			430,369	430,369
Other liabilities	2,234,479		92,371	2,326,850
Total liabilities	22,826,561	485,506	4,986,127	28,298,194
FUND BALANCES				
Reserved for:				
Encumbrances	15,496,737	4,951,851	4,783,935	25,232,523
Prepaid expenses	3,950			3,950
Advances to other funds	333,333		45,400	378,733
Inventories	543,430		104,506	647,936
Notes receivable	-~	203,554	6,535,325	6,738,879
Unreserved:				
Designated:	70 400 (10	05 205 225	0.440.400	100 500 460
Subsequent expenditures	72,480,612	25,385,237	2,663,620	100,529,469
Self-insurance	18,400,000			18,400,000
Retirement rate stabilization	4,000,000	~		4,000,000
Budget uncertainties	19,000,000	→ *	1 714 713	19,000,000
Debt service			1,614,713	1,614,713
Undesignated Reported in the General Fund	20 041 702			20 061 705
Reported in the General Fund	28,861,795		60 460 591	28,861,795
Reported in Special Revenue Funds	≂ π	7,948,215	69,462,581	69,462,581 7,948,215
Reported in Capital Projects Funds		7,740,413	11 820 204	
Reported in Debt Service Funds Total fund balances	159,119,857	38,488,857	11,829,294 97,039,374	11,829,294 294,648,088
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 181,946,418	\$ 38.974.363	\$102,025,501	\$ 322,946,282

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets - Governmental Activities June 30, 2008

Fund Balance - total governmental funds (page 18)		\$	294,648,088
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
are different because.			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,			
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These assets consist of:			
Land	1,221,017,118		
Construction in progress	48,756,681		
Infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation	70,881,892		
Buildings and improvements, net of accumulated depreciation	73,089,778		
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	7,926,916		
Total capital assets		1	,421,672,385
1			
Long-term assets used in Governmental Activities, such as the net pension asset			•
and deferred fiscal charges, are not current financial resources and, therefore,			
are not reported in the Governmental Funds.			93,251,263
Deferred revenue represents amounts that are not available to fund current			2 (02 (03
expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the Governmental Funds.			3,683,603
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of worker's			
compensation insurance to individual funds. Net assets and liabilities of the			
internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement			
of net assets.			5,104,328
5. 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1			
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not			
due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund			
liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but			
rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities are reported in the			
statement of net assets. Balances as of June 30 are:			
Certificates of participation, bonds and loans payable	(214,307,259)		
Capital leases	(912,583)		
Accrued interest on long-term debt	(4,181,990)		
Compensated absences	(12,877,193)		
Other post employment benefits payable	(31,377,000)		
Claims and judgments	(4,339,000)		
Total long-term liabilities	(4,337,000)		(267,995,025)
Total forth-ream matrides			(401,773,023)
Net assets of governmental activities (page 15)		<u>\$_1</u>	,550,364,642

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

		Capital	Other Governmental	
	General	Projects	Funds	Total
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 170,925,976	\$ 19,200	\$ 35,086,478	\$ 206,031,654
Licenses and permits	4,687,284		4,585,071	9,272,355
Intergovernmental revenues	152,139,663	6,915,961	29,235,088	188,290,712
Charges for services	46,246,361	1,118,003	5,542,592	52,906,956
Fines and forfeits	6,271,635	542,295	752,406	7,566,336
From use of money and property	9,349,183	194,785	4,384,209	13,928,177
Miscellaneous	2,937,686	36,098	3,420,689	6,394,473
Total revenues	392,557,788	8,826,342	83,006,533	484,390,663
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	77,997,254	1,984,345	3,525,473	83,507,072
Public protection	120,913,146	1,534,925	23,495,679	145,943,750
Public ways and facilities	5,651,711	13,503,147	10,396,923	29,551,781
Health and sanitation	88,064,110	354,806	4,853,109	93,272,025
Public assistance	55,019,354	·	2,170,938	57,190,292
Education	417,043	·	11,858,542	12,275,585
Recreation and cultural services	7,922,570	1,180,193	6,308,342	15,411,105
Capital outlay	2,475,289	25,335,707	1,026,339	28,837,335
Debt Service:				
Principal	13,324		4,230,000	4 ,243,324
Interest	20,536		10,292,414	10,312,950
Total expenditures	358,494,337	43,893,123	78,157,759	480,545,219
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	34,063,451	(35,066,781)	4,848,774	3,845,444
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	•			
Transfers in	7,762,066	15,747,770	17,725,038	41,234,874
Transfers out	(26,485,429)	(2,754,491)	(11,994,954)	(41,234,874)
Sale of capital assets			5,351	5,351
Total other financing sources (uses)	(18,723,363)	12,993,279	5,735,435	5,351
Net change in fund balances	15,340,088	(22,073,502)	10,584,209	3,850,795
Fund balances, beginning of year	143,779,769	60,562,359	89,805,470	294,147,598
Prior period adjustment			(3,350,305)	(3,350,305)
Fund balances, beginning of year - restated	143,779,769	60,562,359	86,455,165	290,797,293
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 159,119,857	\$ 38,488,857	\$ 97,039,374	\$ 294,648,088

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities - Governmental Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

Net change to fund balance - total governmental funds (page 20)	\$	3,850,795
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because:		
Company to the second s		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated		
over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation		
expense.		
Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure, and other related		
capital assets adjustments \$ 32,625,993		12 404 662
Less: current year depreciation (19,141,330)	-	13,484,663
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Changes in deferred revenue		(9,634,530)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and		
thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets,		
however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure		
in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of		
net assets.		
10. 20.20		
Amortization of bond discount (62,193)		
Amortization of deferred fiscal charges (140,194)		
Amortization of loss on refunding (146,574)		
Accretion of loan payable (857,877		
Repayment of bonds, certificates of participation, and notes 4,230,000 Net adjustment	-	3,023,162
Net adjustment		3,023,102
Some capital additions were financed through capital leases. In governmental funds,		
a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the		
statement of net assets, the lease obligation is reported as a liability.		
Panerment of conital leace obligations		677,083
Repayment of capital lease obligations Inception of capital lease		(184,549)
Inception of cultural terms		(10 1,5 15)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current		
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental		
funds		
Change in compensated absences (841,397)		
Amortization of net pension asset (4,700,210)		
Other post employment benefits liability (31,377,000)		
Change in claims liability (10,000)		
Accrued interest on long-term debt (622,501)	-	
Net adjustment		(37,551,108)
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the cost of worker's		
compensation insurance to individual funds. The net revenue of internal		
service fund is reported with governmental activities.		2,675,653
1		
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 17)	<u>\$</u>	(23,658,831)

Statement of Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2008

								Governmental	
	Business-type Activities						_	Activities	
				Nonmajor				Internal	
	I	Iousing Authority		Enterprise Funds		Total	_	Service Funds	
ASSETS									
Current Assets:									
Cash and investments in County pool	\$		\$	5,870,097	\$	5,870,097	\$	22,699,012	
Cash with fiscal agent		••						230,407	
Other cash		2,819,108				2,819,108			
Receivables:									
Taxes				64,835		64,835			
Accounts		203,096		208,849		411,945			
Prepaid items and other assets		247,708		1,000,328		1,248,036			
Depostis with others				92,225		92,225			
Short-term notes receivable		2,713				2,713			
Due from other governments		334,986		3,962,096		4,297,082			
Total current assets		3,607,611		11,198,430		14,806,041	-	22,929,419	

Noncurrent Assets:									
Restricted cash		5,668,730				5,668,730			
Long-term notes receivable		3,992,658				3,992,658			
Capital assets:						-,,			
Nondepreciable		4,267,871		3,860,477		8,128,348			
Depreciable, net		20,161,688		4,422,423		24,584,111			
Total noncurrent assets		34,090,947	_	8,282,900	_	42,373,847	_		
Total Holleutron 43545	_	31,030,311		0,202,700		12,570,011			
Total assets	\$	37,698,558	\$	19,481,330	<u>\$</u>	57,179,888	\$	22,929,419	
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:		054 110		1 (22 42)	•	1 000 533		44.001	
Vouchers and accounts payable	\$	254,112	\$	1,533,421	\$	1,787,533	\$	44,091	
Interest payable		405.461		2,500		2,500			
Accrued salaries and benefits		195,451		6,297		201,748			
Due to other funds		89,281		500,000		589,281		••	
Due to other agencies		530,067				530,067		-	
Deferred revenues		127,206				127,206			
Compensated absences		41,871		5,118		46,989			
Mortgages payable		24,629				24,629			
Capital leases		**		45,791		45,791		<u></u>	
Total current liabilities.		1,262,617		2,093,127		3,355,744	_	44,091	
Long-Term Liabilities:									
Security deposits and escrows payable (payable from restricted									
assets:)		780,244				780,244			
Advances from other funds		217,000				217,000			
Compensated absences		125,618		29,940		155,558			
Deferred interest due on long-term debt		725,212		-		725,212			
Long-term debt		5,006,532				5,006,532			
Estimated claims								17,781,000	
Total noncurrent liabilities		6,854,606	_	29,940		6,884,546		17,781,000	
Total liabilities		8,117,223		2,123,067		10,240,290		17,825,091	
NTER ACCUSES									
NET ASSETS		10 040 000		0 227 100		26 404 006			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		18,247,777		8,237,109		26,484,886			
Restricted		8,346,472		C 101 15:		8,346,472			
Unrestricted		2,987,086		9,121,154		12,108,240		5,104,328	
Total net assets		29,581,335		17,358,263		46,939,598		5,104,328	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	37,698,558	<u>\$</u> _	19,481,330	\$	57,179,888	\$	22,929,419	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

	F	Governmental Activities				
	Housing Authority	-				
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$ 3,810,214	\$ 11,735,706 527,813	\$ 15,545,920 527,813	\$ 5,865,943		
Total operating revenues	3,810,214	12,263,519	16,073,733	5,865,943		
Operating Expenses:		220 520	020 520			
Salaries and employee benefits		838,530	838,530	261.772		
Services and supplies		\$ 26,151,763	26,151,763	361,773		
Housing assistance	33,561,489		33,561,489	2 020 517		
Claims expense	1 222 720	292 105	1.604.024	2,828,517		
Depreciation	1,222,739	382,195	1,604,934			
Agency disbursements						
Total operating expenses	34,784,228	27,372,488	62,156,716	3,190,290		
Operating Income (Loss)	(30,974,014)	(15,108,969)	(46,082,983)	2,675,653		
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):						
Property tax revenue		3,233,545	3,233,545			
Intergovernmental revenue	31,484,895	16,066,573	47,551,468			
Investment income	191,651	254,245	445,896			
Gain on asset disposal	102,209	1,777	103,986			
Other income	128,263		128,263			
Interest expense	(190,520)	(41,185)	(231,705)			
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	31,716,498	19,514,955	51,231,453			
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	742,484	4,405,986	5,148,470	2,675,653		
Capital contributions	548,994_		548,994			
Change in net assets	1,291,478	4,405,986	5,697,464	2,675,653		
Net assets, beginning of year	27,817,192	12,952,277	40,769,469	2,428,675		
Prior period adjustment	472,665		472,665			
Net assets, beginning of year - restated	28,289,857_	12,952,277	41,242,134	2,428,675		
Net assets, end of year	\$ 29,581,335	\$ 17,358,263	\$ 46,939,598	\$ 5,104,328		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities		
		Housing Authority		Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Cash receipts from customers	\$	2,255,871	\$	12,054,670	\$	14,310,541	\$
Cash receipts from internal fund services provided							5,865,943
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(28,122,947)		(26,714,198)		(54,837,145)	(3,146,199)
Cash paid to employee's for salaries and benefits		(4,082,954)		(836,304)		(4,919,258)	
Net cash provided (used) by		•					
operating activities		(29,950,030)		(15,495,832)		(45,445,862)	2,719,744
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Property tax revenues				3,226,039		3,226,039	
Operating grants received		31,842,487				31,842,487	+-
Intergovernmental revenues				12,702,092		12,702,092	
Repayment of notes receivable		254,596				254,596	
Notes receivable issued		(220,710)				(220,710)	
Deposits held on behalf of another entity	•	33,500				33,500	
Interest received on notes receivable		116,138		**		116,138	
Interest on restricted cash		100,904				100,904	
Investment income		87,939		254,245		342,184	
Interest expense				(41,185)		(41,185)	
Net cash provided (used) by							
noncapital financing activities		32,214,854		16,141,191		48,356,045	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Principal repayments on long-term debt				(640,000)		(640,000)	
Capital contributions		548,994		(223,200)		325,794	
Loan receivable issued		217,000				217,000	•
Interest repayments related to capital purposes		(128,985)				(128,985)	
Proceeds from sale of real property		219,526		1,777		221,303	
Capital leases				(58,450)		(58,450)	
Payments related to the acquisition of capital assets		(1,068,325)				(1,068,325)	
Net cash provided (used) by							
capital and related financing activities		(211,790)		(919,873)		(1,131,663)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,053,034		(274,514)		1,778,520	2,719,744
Cash beginning of year, as originally stated		5,757,432		6,144,611		11,902,043	20,209,675
Prior period adjustment		677,372				677,372	
Cash beginning of year, restated		6,434,804		6,144,611	_	12,579,415	20,209,675
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$</u>	8,487,838	<u>\$</u>	5,870,097	<u>\$</u>	14,357,935	\$ 22,929,419

Statement of Cash Flows (continued) Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Governmental Activities			
				Nonmajor				
		Housing		Enterprise				Internal
		Authority		Funds		Total	S	ervice Funds
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash				<u> </u>				
provided by (used in) operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(30,974,014)	\$	(15,108,969)	\$	(46,082,983)	\$	2,675,653
Depreciation		1,222,739		382,195		1,604,934		
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
(Increase) decrease in:								
Accounts receivable		(55,211)		(208,849)		(264,060)		
Prepaid items and other assets		(107,034)		(116,328)		(223,362)		
Increase (decrease) in:								
Accounts payable		(108,038)		(446,107)		(554,145)		44,091
Salaries payable		49,318		3,105		52,423		
Deferred revenue		6,795				6,795		
Liability for compensated absences		15,415	_	(87 <u>9)</u>	_	14,536		
N. C. I.B. C. I. C. D. b.								
Net Cash Provided (Used) by	e	(20.050.020)	e	(15 405 922)	e	(45 445 963)	e	2,719,744
Operating Activities	2	(29,950,030)	<u> </u>	(15,495,832)	<u> </u>	(45,445,862)	<u> </u>	2,/17,/44

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2008

ASSETS	InvestmentTrust	Agency Funds
Current Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 463,865,180	\$ 18,431,031
Taxes receivable	·	22,710,707
Cash with fiscal agent	7,954,466	1,174,301
Interest receivable	14,062	
Advances to other funds		217,000
Total current assets	471,833,708	42,533,039
LIABILITIES		
Agency funds held for others		42,533,039
Total liabilities		42,533,039
NET ASSETS		
Net assets held in trust for investment		
pool participants	471,833,708	
Total net assets	471,833,708	
Total liabilities and net assets	<u>\$ 471,833,708</u>	\$ 42,533,039

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Investment Trust Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Additions:	
Contributions to investment pool	<u>\$ 1,084,092,577</u>
Total additions	1,084,092,577
Deductions:	
	1,003,756,423
Distributions from investment pool	
Total deductions	1,003,756,423
Change in net assets	80,336,154
5	
Net assets, beginning	391,497,554
net assets, regimning	
NT	¢ 471 922 709
Net assets, ending	<u>\$ 471,833,708</u>

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity refers to the scope of activities, organizations and functions included in the financial statements. The County of Marin (County) is a political subdivision created by the State of California and, as such, can exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State of California. The County operates under the general laws of the State and is governed by an elected five member Board of Supervisors (Board).

The governmental reporting entity consists of the County (Primary Government) and its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the Board is financially accountable or other organizations whose nature and significant relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board, and (i) either the County's ability to impose its will on the organization or (ii) there is potential for the organization to provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

For financial reporting purposes, the County's basic financial statements include all financial activities that are controlled by or are dependent upon actions taken by the County's Board.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, if any, are reported in a separate column in the financial statements to emphasize that the component units are legally separate from the government. In evaluating how to define the County for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 "The Financial Reporting Entity." The County has the following blended component units with June 30 year-ends and no discretely presented component units:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Reporting Entity (continued)

- Sewer Maintenance Districts
- County Service Area Districts
- Lighting Districts
- Flood Control Districts
- Permanent Road Districts
- Marin County Redevelopment Agency
- Golden Gate Tobacco Funding Corporation
- In Home Supportive Services Public Authority of Marin
- Marin County Fair
- Marin County Housing Authority
- Marin County Law Library
- Marin County Open Space District
- Marin County Transit District

The Golden Gate Tobacco Funding Corporation (Corporation) is a nonprofit public benefit corporation. Its purpose is to acquire from the County all of the rights of the County in relation to future tobacco settlement payments and to borrow money secured by the County tobacco assets on behalf of the California Tobacco Securitization Agency. The Corporation provides service solely to the County and is reported as a debt service fund.

The Housing Authority of the County of Marin (the Authority) is governed by a seven member Board of Commissioners. Five members of the Board of Commissioners are also members of the Marin County Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors also appoints two tenant commissioners. The Authority was formed on January 26, 1942, by a resolution of the Marin County Board of Supervisors. The Authority uses the calendar year as its fiscal year; therefore, the financial information related to the Authority represents the year ended December 31, 2007. The financial statements of the Authority are available by contacting the Authority at 4020 Civic Center Drive, San Rafael, CA 94903.

The County also includes as a blended component unit the County Fair Operations which has a December 31 year-end. Information regarding the availability of separate individual component unit financial statements may be obtained at the County of Marin's Auditor-Controller's office.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net assets and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its blended component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function, and allocated indirect expenses. Interest expense related to long term debt is reported as a direct expense. Program revenues include 1) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

When both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund *operating* revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. *Non-operating* revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures necessary
 to carry out basic governmental activities of the County that are not accounted for
 through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as
 public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public
 assistance, education and recreation services.
- The Capital Projects was established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major capital facilities.

The County reports the following major enterprise fund:

• The Housing Authority of the County of Marin is a public corporation authorized to provide decent, safe and sanitary housing for low and moderate income people. We are empowered to undertake all activities necessary to accomplish this public purpose, including acquiring property, developing housing, issuing tax-exempt bonds, entering into mortgages, trust indentures, leases, condemning property, borrowing money, accepting grants, and managing property.

The County reports the following additional fund types:

- Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services
 provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the
 County on a cost-reimbursement basis.
- The Investment Trust Fund accounts for the assets of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand.
- The Agency Funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for various local governments.

C. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide, proprietary fund and investment trust fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Basis of Accounting (continued)

Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales tax are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Most revenue sources such as sales taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within three hundred and sixty days after the end of the accounting period provided such proceed is both measurable and available. Property taxes revenue, however, is accrued no later than sixty days after the end of the accounting period, subject to the same measurability and availability criteria. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

For its business-type activities and enterprise funds, the County has elected under GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting, to apply all applicable GASB pronouncements as well as any applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, the Accounting Principles Board or any Accounting Research Bulletins issued on or before November 30, 1989 unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The GASB periodically updates its codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units.

D. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement No. 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide statement of net assets.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the accompanying statement of cash flows, the enterprise and internal service funds consider all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased, and their equity in the County Treasurer's investment pool, to be cash equivalents.

F. Receivables

Tax receivables are fully collectible, hence no allowance for uncollectible on taxes receivable is required.

G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of average cost or market. Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time individual inventories are purchased and charged to expenditures/expenses when used.

H. Prepaid Expenses

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses.

I. Property Tax Revenue

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County, including schools, cities, and special districts. Property taxes, for which the lien date is January 1, are payable in two installments, November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes receivable are recognized when levied.

Beginning in 1993-1994, the County of Marin adopted the "Alternative Method of Distribution of Tax Levies and Collections and of Tax Sale Proceeds" provided for in Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 4701-4717, which is commonly known as the "Teeter Plan". The Teeter Plan has no impact on tax rates or collection procedures. It merely changes the way the collections of delinquent taxes and penalties are distributed among the taxing agencies. Those agencies participating in the Teeter Plan receive 100% of the secured property taxes billed each year without regard to delinquencies. The General Fund covers the delinquent amount to all agencies and, in return, receives the delinquent taxes, penalties and interest when collected. As a result of the Teeter Plan, secured property tax receivables are recorded in the General Fund only, and there is no allowance for collectible amounts. Penalties and interest are deposited into the Tax Loss Reserve Fund. Once the Tax Loss Reserve Fund balance exceed 25% of the secured delinquent roll, the excess can be credited to the General Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

I. Property Tax Revenue (continued)

Unsecured property is not part of the Teeter Plan. Unsecured property taxes receivable are accrued to taxing agencies, net of the uncollectible amount which is estimated based on prior year collections. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008 this amount was estimated as \$877,703.

J. Long-Term Receivables

Non-current portions of long-term receivables for governmental fund types are reported on their balance sheets, in spite of their measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate that they should not be considered "available spendable resources", since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by non-current receivables is deferred until they become current receivables. Non-current portions of long-term loans receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets (including infrastructure) are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Contributed fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date contributed. Capital assets include public domain (infrastructure) general fixed assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, bridges, water/sewer, lighting system, drainage systems, and flood control. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets used in operations are depreciated or amortized (assets under capital leases) using the straight-line method over the lesser of the capital lease period or their estimated useful lives in the government-wide statements and the proprietary funds.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Infrastructure	20 to 50 years
Structures and improvements	10 to 50 years
Equipment	5 to 25 years

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

L. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated vacation and compensatory time-off balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included. The current portion of the liability for compensated absences has been estimated based on prior years' experience.

M. Inter-fund Transactions

Inter-fund transactions are reflected as loans, services provided, and reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation and are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of inter-fund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not available financial resources.

Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other inter-fund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

N. Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 2: Cash and Investments

The County maintains a cash and investment pool for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through pooled investment activities. Cash and investments for most County activities are included in the County investment pool. Interest earned on the investment pool is allocated quarterly to the participating funds using the daily cash balance of each fund. This pool, which is available for use by all funds, is displayed in the financial statements as "Pooled Cash and Investments." The funds required to be held by outside fiscal agents do not participate in the pool.

The County Pool includes both voluntary and involuntary participation from external entities. The State of California statutes require certain special districts and other governmental entities to maintain their cash surplus with the County Treasurer.

The County's investment pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code and by the County's investment policy. The objectives of the policy are in order of priority, safety, liquidity, yield, and public trust. The County has established a treasury oversight committee to monitor and review the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with Article 6 Section 27131 of the California Government Code. The oversight committee and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the investment policy annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the oversight committee and the investment pool participants every month. The report covers the types of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs and fair value.

The County Pool has been rated since 1994 by Fitch Ratings and has maintained the highest rating of 'AAA' since inception. The pool's 'AAA' rating reflects the high credit quality of portfolio assets, appropriate management oversight, and operational capabilities. In addition, Fitch ratings rate the pool 'V1+' for volatility. This rating reflects low market risk and a capacity to return stable principal value to participants, as well as to meet anticipated cash flow needs, even in adverse interest rate environments.

Fair values were obtained from the County's investment custodian statement for all investments having greater than 90 days to maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

Cash and investments at June 30, 2009, consist of the following:

Cash and Investments in County Pool	•	
Cash	\$	1,686,442
Investments		801,608,263
Specific investment in treasury		5,893,237
		809,187,942
Less outstanding warrants and other reconciling items		(22,559,127)
Total Cash and Investments in County Pool		786,628,815
Cash and Investments Outside County Pool		
Other deposits		2,610,357
Investments of blended component unit		6,216,538
Investments with fiscal agent		13,909,803
Total Cash and Investments	\$	809,365,513

Total cash and investments at June 30, 2008 were presented on the County's financial statements as follows:

Primary Government	\$ 317,940,535
Investment Trust Fund	471,819,646
Agency Funds	19,605,332
•	\$ 809,365,513

Investments

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the California Government Code or the County's investment policy, where more restrictive. The table also identifies certain provisions of the County's investment policy that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	2 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Obligations	5 Years	None	None
State of California Obligations	2 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	30%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	40%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	l Year	None	None
Medium Term Notes	2 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds/Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Time Deposits	2 Years	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None

At June 30, 2008, the County had the following investments:

								Book	
	Interest			Par		Fair		Carrying	WAM
	Rates	Maturities		Value		Value		Value	(Years)
Pooled Investments									
Federal Agency Obligations	3.10%-5.55%	7/16/09-9/26/11	\$	521,470,000	S	520,199,801	\$	519,083,822	0.85
Commercial Paper-Discount	2.35%-2.40%	8/15/08-8/28/08		10,100,000		10,062,198		10,053,210	0.14
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	2.28%-2.72%	7/7/08-8/26/08		84,300,000		84,290,952		84,300,000	0.07
US Treasury Securities	1.84%-3.375%	7/3/08-6/4/09		90,000,000		89,756,100		88,861,811	0.32
Banker's Acceptances	2,25%-2,65%	7/1/08-9/8/08		33,397,000		33,358,605		33,198,432	0.04
Money Market	Variable	On Demand		47,262,386		47,262,386		47,262,386	0.00
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Variable	On Demand		18,848,602	_	18,848,602		18,848,602	0.00
Total pooled investments			\$	805,377,988	\$	803,778,644	\$	801,608,263	0.60
Specific Investments in Treasury									
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Variable	On Demand	\$	2,075,544	\$	2,075,544	\$	2,075,544	0.00
Federal Agency Obligations	4,52%	9/15/2008		4,000,000		3,980,000		3,817,693	0.21
			\$	6,075,544	\$	6,055,544	\$	5,893,237	0.14
Investments Outside Investment Pool			-		_				
Cash held with fiscal agent									
Money Market Mutual Funds	Variable	On Demand	\$	3,874,514	\$	3,874,514	\$	3,874,514	0.00
Federal Agency Obligations	3.48%-5.6%	10/1/08-2/1/13		5,234,109		5,234,109		5,234,109	2.17
Investment Contracts	4.77% - 5.70%	8/15/21 - 6/1/47		4,801,180		4,801,180		4,801,180	38.92
				13,909,803		13,909,803		13,909,803	14.25
Investments of Blended Component Units									
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Variable	On Demand		6,216,538	_	6,216,538	_	6,216,538	0.00
Total investments outside investment pool			S	20,126,341	\$	20,126,341	\$	20,126,341	
·									

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

At June 30, 2008 the difference between the book and fair value of cash and investments was not material (book value was 99.7% of fair value). Therefore, an adjustment to fair value was not required.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment pool to 540 days, or 1.5 years. At June 30, 2008, the County Treasury's investment pool had a weighted average maturity of .60 years, or less than 7.27 months.

For purposes of computing weighted average maturity, the maturity date is used for all callable securities.

Credit Risk

State law and the County's Investment Policy limit investments in commercial paper, corporate bonds, and medium term notes to the rating of "A" or higher as provided by Moody's Investors Service or Standard & Poor's Corporation. The County's Investment Policy limits investments purchased by Financial Institution Investment Accounts, a type of mutual fund, to United States Treasury and Agency obligations with a credit quality rating of "AAA."

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2008, in accordance with State law and the County's Investment Policy, the County did not have 5% or more of its net investment in Negotiable Certificates of Deposit of a single organization, nor did it have 10% or more of its net investment in any one money market mutual fund.

At June 30, 2008, the County had the following investments in any one issuer that represent 5 percent or more of the total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded because they are not a concentration of credit risk.

Federal Home Loan Bank	27.35%
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.	21.46%
Federal National Mortgage Association	12.85%

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of each pool's fair value at June 30, 2008.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

	S&P	Moody's	% of Portfolio
Investments in Investment Pool			
Banker's Acceptances	A-1	P-1	4.14%
Federal Agencies Coupon	AAA	Aaa	20.94%
Federal Agencies Discount	A-1+	P-1	43.82%
US Treasury Securities	AAA	Aaa	11.09%
Commercial Paper	A-1+	P-1	1.25%
Negotiable CD's	A-1+	P -1	10.51%
Money Market Mutual Funds	AAA	Aaa	5.90%
California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Unrated	Unrated	2.35%
			100.00%

Custodial Credit Risk

For investments and deposits held with safekeeping agents, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or deposits that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the County's investment pool and cash with fiscal agents had no securities exposed to custodial credit risk.

Local Agency Investment Fund

The County Treasurer's Pool maintains an investment in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), managed by the State Treasurer. This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company, but is required to invest according to California State Code. Participants in the pool include voluntary and involuntary participants, such as special districts and school districts for which there are legal provisions regarding their investments. The Local Investment Advisor Board (Board) has oversight responsibility for LAIF. The Board consists of five members as designated by State Statute.

At June 30, 2008, the County's pooled investment position in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) was \$18,848,602 which approximates fair value and is the same as value of the pool shares. The total amount invested by all public agencies in LAIF on that day was \$69.96 billion. Of that amount, 85.28% was invested in non-derivative financial products and 14.72% in structured notes and asset-backed securities. Fair value is based on information provided by the State for the Local Agency Investment Fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 2: Cash and Investments (continued)

County Investment pool Condensed Financial Statements

The following represents a condensed statement of net assets and changes in net assets for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2008:

Statement of Net Assets

Net assets held for pool participants	\$	786,628,815
Equity of internal pool participants	\$	322,763,635
Equity of external pool participants		463,865,180
Total net assets	\$	786,628,815
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	-	
Net assets, beginning of year	\$	827,299,814
Net change in investments by pool participants		(40,670,999)
Net assets, end of year	\$	786,628,815

Note 3: Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consists of following activities:

Amounts are owed to the County from various cities and towns for overpayments of court fees. Amounts are being repaid over a five year period at a 3.87 interest rate. Final payment are due November 2011:

	ŀ	Balance Notes				Balance			
	J	uly 1, 2007	Issued		Issued Repayments		June 30, 2008		
Court fees notes receivable	\$	2,927,526	\$		\$	633,386	\$	2,294,140	

Notes were issued for low and moderate income housing projects by the Marin County Redevelopment Agency.

	Ba	lance	Notes			В	alance
	July	1, 2007	 Issued	Repay	ments	June	30, 2008
Marin County Redevelopment							
Agency	\$	203,554	\$ 	\$		\$	203,554

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 3: Notes Receivable (continued)

The County issued various long-term notes receivable for affordable housing construction and rehabilitation. Of these amounts, notes totaling \$4,000,000 are due in 54 years and another \$145,000 is deferred for 29 years. Fund balance reserves have been set aside for the full amount of the balance outstanding due to the long-term nature of these assets.

	Balance	Notes		Balance
	July 1, 2007	Issued	Repayments	June 30, 2008
Housing construction and				
rehabilitation	\$ 6,535,325	\$	\$	\$ 6,535,325

Business-type activities report \$3,993,317 in notes receivable for deferred payments loans to individuals and organizations. Activities of these notes are as follows:

	Balance	Notes		Balance
	12/31/2006	Issued	Repayments	12/31/2007_
Various programs	\$ 4,152,466	\$ 96,688	\$ 255,783	\$ 3,993,371

Note 4: **Deferred Revenue**

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues considered unavailable to fund expenditures of the current period. Governmental and enterprise funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of June 30, 2008, the various components of deferred revenue for governmental funds were as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned		Total	
Governmental activities:						
General Fund:						
Courts notes receivable	\$	2,294,140	\$		\$	2,294,140
Reimbursable grants				282,753		282,753
Property taxes		1,388,463				1,388,463
Advances from other governments				1,231,607		1,231,607
	\$	3,682,603	\$	1,514,360	\$	5,196,963

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 5: Interfund Transactions

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2008, is as follows:

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Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	166,667	Temporary loan for operations
	Other Governmental Funds	14,003	Temporary loan for operations
	Other Governmental Funds	13,664	Temporary loan for operations
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	400,000	Temporary loan for operations
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	100,000	Temporary loan for operations
		694,334	
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	20,553	Temporary loan for operations
	Housing Enterprise Fund	89,281	Temporary loan for operations
		109,834_	
Advances to other funds			
Receivable fund	Payable fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	333,333	Temporary loan for operations
Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds	45,400	Temporary loan for operations
Agency Funds	Housing Enterprise Fund	217,000	Temporary loan for operations

Transfers

Transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, subsidies of various County operations and re-allocations of special revenues. The following schedule summarizes the County's transfer activity:

Transfer from	Transfer to	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Capital Projects Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 12,071,297 4,622,164 9,791,967 26,485,428	To fund capital projects To fund operations Debt service
Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,852,163 902,328 2,754,491	Debt service To fund operations

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 5: Interfund Transactions (continued)

Transfers (continued)

Transfer from	Transfer to	Amount	Purpose
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	3,894,977	Semi-annual transfer to General Fund
	General Fund	217,912	To transfer CSA #28 paramedic assessment fees to GF To transfer CSA #31 County Fire
	General Fund	533,378	assessment fees to GF Transfer funds from PTAP fund to GF
	General Fund	75,012	to meet expenditures
	General Fund Capital Projects Fund	2,860,894 1,676,492	To fund operations To fund operations To fund operations for trail acquisition
	Capital Projects Fund	100,000	and construction To fund operations s of the courthouse
	Capital Projects Fund	169,053	construction
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	137,956	To cover debt service payments
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	48,072	To transfer used oil grant funds
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	2,131,272	Annual in lieu housing transfer Health and wellness center additional
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	148,251	funds
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	993	To cover debt service
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	651	To cover debt service
	Total	11,994,913 \$ 41,234,832	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 6: Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2008 was as follows:

	Audited Balance			Adjustments/	Audited Balance
	6/30/07	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	6/30/08
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 13,064,213	\$ 393,752	\$	\$ -	\$ 13,457,965
Infrastructure land	1,204,963,424				1,204,963,424
Easements	2,595,729			n-1	2,595,729
Construction in progress	28,786,511	28,143,813		(8,173,643)	48,756,681
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	1,249,409,877	28,537,565		(8,173,643)	1,269,773,799
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	141,020,426			5,470,106	146,490,532
Equipment	39,898,611	4,211,316	(3,341,422)	(521,757)	40,246,748
Infrastructure	295,953,175			1,154,522	297,107,697
Total capital assets, being depreciated	476,872,212	4,211,316	(3,341,422)	6,102,871	483,844,977
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Structures and improvements	(67,587,054)	(5,813,700)			(73,400,754)
Equipment	(32,539,908)	(3,491,633)	3,138,347	573,362	(32,319,832)
Infrastructure	(215,868,050)	(9,835,997)		(521,758)	(226,225,805)
Total accumulated depreciation	(315,995,012)	(19,141,330)	3,138,347	51,604	(331,946,391)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	160,877,200	(14,930,014)	(203,075)	6,154,475	151,898,586
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,410,287,077	\$ 13,607,551	\$ (203,075)	\$ (2,019,168)	\$ 1,421,672,385
Business-Type Activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 6,324,264	s –	\$	\$ 725,418	\$ 7,049,682
Construction in progress	1,303,073	318,640	·	(543,047)	1,078,666
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	7,627,337	318,640		182,371	8,128,348
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Structures and improvements	39,367,349	829,365	(648,966)	3,546,158	43,093,906
Equipment	2,335,505	464,387	(11,685)	(540,581)	2,247,626
Other property	3,450,791			 	3,450,791
Total capital assets, being depreciated	45,153,645	1,293,752	(660,651)	3,005,577	48,792,323
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Structures and improvements	(18,845,286)	(1,309,375)	531,649	(2,148,234)	(21,771,246)
Equipment	(1,729,884)	(201,512)	·	494,729	(1,436,667)
Other property	(882,353)	(94,047)		(23,899)	(1,000,299)
Total accumulated depreciation	(21,457,523)	(1,604,934)	531,649	(1,677,404)	(24,208,212)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	23,696,122	(311,182)	(129,002)	1,328,173	24,584,111
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 31,323,459	\$ 7,458	\$ (129,002)	\$ 1,510,544	\$ 32,712,459

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 6: Capital Assets (continued):

Capital Assets prior period adjustments:

On business-type activities, Marin Housing Authority began to report two new two component units as of December 31, 2007: the Marin County Housing Development Financing Corporation (MCHDFC) and Marin Housing Development Corporation (MHDC), each of them owns one rental housing project. These component units' capital asset data has been reflected on the Adjustments column of the capital asset activity schedule.

Depreciation

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

General Government	\$ 7,939,238
Public Protection	1,109,600
Public Ways & Facilities	9,626,846
Health and Sanitation	73,830
Public Assistance	11,579
Recreation	375,026
Education	 5,211
Total Depreciation Expense – Governmental Activities	\$ 19,141,330

Business-type activities:

Housing Authority	\$ 1,222,739
County Fair	73,745
Airport	165,594
Transit	142,856
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-Type Activities:	\$ 1,604,934

Note 7: Liabilities under Self-Insurance and Risk Management

Workers' Compensation

The County is permissibly self-insured for the first \$1,000,000 of workers' compensation claims per occurrence. The County provides for excess workers' compensation insurance through the California Public Entity Insurance Authority (CSAC-EIA). Coverage in the Excess Workers' Compensation (EWC) Program is pooled to \$5 million and excess reinsurance purchased for a total limit of \$300 million above our SIR (self-insured retention). Activity related to the payment of claims is recorded in an internal service fund. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year nor did settlements exceed insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years. Claims liability is based upon the administrator's estimate of ultimate loss payment.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 7: Liabilities Under Self-Insurance and Risk Management (continued)

Workers' Compensation (continued)

Changes in the balance of claims liabilities during the year are as follows:

	2008	2007
Liability Balance, Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ 17,781,000	\$ 17,781,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	3,158,558	2,787,448
Claim payments	(3,158,558)	(2,787,448)
Liability Balance, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 17,781,000	\$ 17,781,000

General Liability

The County maintains a self-insured retention (SIR) of \$1,000,000 per occurrence for its general liability program. Losses, which exceed the SIR, are covered by an excess insurance policy purchased through CSAC Excess Insurance Authority for a total limit of \$35 million.

The actuarially determined outstanding claims liability and claims including incurred but not reported claims, adjustment expense liability (at 80 percent confidence level, after recognition of anticipated investment income) as of June 30, 2008 is \$4,339,000.

The following represents changes in those aggregate liabilities for the fund at June 30, 2008.

2000

2007

General Liability

	 2008	2007
Liability Balance, Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ 4,329,000	\$ 4,329,000
Current year claims and changes in estimates	2,780,544	877,400
Claim payments	 (2,770,544)	 (877,400)
Liability Balance, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 4,339,000	\$ 4,329,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 8: Long-Term Obligations

The following table summarizes the changes in the County's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008:

	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2008	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities		_	A 255.000		e 11 (70 000	\$ 280,000
Revenue bonds payable	\$ 11,925,000	\$	\$ 255,000		\$ 11,670,000	,
Taxable pension obligation bonds 2003	112,805,000	**		002.105	112,805,000	50,000
Tobacco settlement asset-backed bonds - 2007	49,870,081	·	1,000,000	823,127	45,055,200	1,180,000
Less: unamortized discount	(870,695)		(62,193)		(808,502)	
Loans payable	1,802,803		13,324	48,074 *	1,051,555	13,876
Certificates of participation 2001	13,145,000		285,000		12,860,000	300,000
Certificates of participation 1998 Series A	19,315,000		805,000		18,510,000	840,000
Certificates of participation 1998 Series B	9,625,000		1,885,000		7,740,000	1,965,000
Capital leases payable	1,405,117	184,549	677,083		912,583	344,690
Compensated absences	12,035,796	11,143,534	10,302,137		12,877,193	10,582,664
Claims liability	22,110,000	5,939,102	5,929,102	<u></u>	22,120,000	
Total Governmental Activities						
Long-term liabilities	\$ 253,168,102	\$ 17,267,185	\$ 21,089,453	\$ 871,201	\$ 250,217,035	\$ 15,556,230
Business-type Activities						
Notes payable - HCD	\$ 2,861,319	\$	\$	\$	\$ 2,861,319	\$
Mortgages payable - Housing	1,136,238		160,125	1,251,558	2,227,671	113,910
Other governmental agency loans		89,623	28,324	••	61,299	29,847
Capital leases payable	104,241		58,450		45,791	45,791
Compensated absences	175,338	70,094	42,885		202,547	46,989_
Total Business-type Activities						
Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,277,136	\$ 159,717	\$ 289,784	<u>\$ 1,251,558</u>	\$ 5,398,627	\$ 236,537

* (Accrued Interest)

The compensated absences liabilities attributable to the governmental activities are generally liquidated by the General Fund and related special revenue funds. Claims liability are liquidated by internal service funds for workers compensation claims and the General Fund for general liability claims.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 8: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

The following table summarizes the County's long-term obligations as of June 30, 2008:

	Maturity	Stated/Effective Interest Rates	Annual Principal Installments	Date of Issue	Amount Authorized	Outstanding June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities						
Certificates of Participation:	•					
1998 Series A (finance various capital projects)	2022	4.00%-5.00%	\$685,000 - \$1,645,000	1998	24,725,000	18,510,000
1998 Series B (advance refund of outstanding 1991 Certificates)	2011	4.00%-5.00%	\$1,615,000 - \$2,135,000	1998	22,110,000	7,740,000
2001 Issue (finance capital improvement projects)	2032	4,70%-7.00%	\$215,000 - \$880,000	2001	14,100,000	12,860,000
Revenue Bonds: 1998 Refunding Revenue bonds - Marin County Redevelopment Agency	2025	4:00%-5.50%	\$160,000 - \$1,320,000	1998	13,425,000	11,670,000
Pension Obligation Bonds: Taxable Pension Obligation Bonds Series A (fund pension liability)	2027	4.60%-5.41%	\$50,000-\$14,940,000	2003	112,805,000	112,805,000
Asset-Backed Bonds:						
Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds Payable (Series 2007A through F)	2057	4.63%-6.90%	\$485,000-\$8,350,986	2007	49,870,081	49,693,208
Loans Payable:						
Energy Conservation Loan	2019	3.95%	\$12102-\$21517	2019	233,120	187,004
California Housing Finance Agency #1	2013	3.00%	Due on Maturity	2003	500,000	585,497
California Housing Finance Agency #2	2014	3.00%	Due on Maturity	2004	950,000	1,065,052
Business-Type Activities						
Notes Payable - HCD	2014	0 - 3%	Deferred	2006	2,861,319	2,861,319
Montgages Payable - Office Building	2012	5.82%	Various	1997	1,200,000	1,021,412
Mortgages Payable - Housing	2011	5-8%	Various	1999	1,445,558	1,206,259
Loans to Other Government Agencies	2009	5.25%	Various	2005	525,185	61,299

As of June 30, 2008, annual debt service requirements of governmental activities to maturity are as follows:

					(Governmental A	Activ	ities				
Year Ending		Bonds Payable				Certificates of Participation				Loans Payable		
June 30:	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2009	\$	1,510,000	\$	8,398,614	\$	3,105,000	\$	1,755,793	\$	13,876	\$	7,251
2010		1,166,722		8,491,712		3,245,000		1,613,241		14,429		6,698
2011		1,655,591		8,428,017		3,380,000		1,467,096		15,005		6,122
2012		2,055,830		8,341,147		3,535,000		1,314,721		15,589		5,538
2013		2,616,722		8,234,999		1,365,000		1,205,731		601,723		97,223
2014-2017		23,237,835		38,475,958		7,875,000		4,995,999		1,156,414		252,908
2019-2023		46,472,300		29,745,450		10,045,000		2,836,349		20,517		610
2024-2028		60,080,333		13,836,931		3,290,000		1,181,314				
2029-2033		5,485,000		6,071,750		3,270,000		320,150				
2033-2057		29,887,875		191,539,875								
Subtotal		174,168,208		321,564,453		39,110,000		16,690,394		1,837,553		376,350
Less Unamortized Discount		(808,502)			_		_		_	**	_	
	<u>\$</u>	173,359,706	\$	321,564,453	\$	39,110,000	<u>\$</u>	16,690,394	<u>\$</u>	1,837,553	\$	376,350

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 8: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

		Business-T	ype A	Business-Type Activities					
Year Ending		Mortgag	es Pa	Other Governments					
June 30:]	Principal	Interest			Principal	Interest		
2009	\$	113,840	\$	140,672	\$	29,847	\$	2,435	
2010		123,211		145,010		31,452		826	
2011		87,177		137,477		**			
2012		85,106		131,901					
2013		966,412		103,727					
2014-2018		1,162,969		260,055					
2019-2023		490,305		122,560					
2024-2028		8,739		48					
Total	\$	3,037,759	\$	1,041,450	<u>\$</u>	61,299	\$	3,261	

Capital Lease Obligation

The County leases equipment, principally for data processing, reproduction and transportation, under certain lease obligations accounted for as capital leases. Included in the governmental and business-type funds are the following fixed asset amounts under capital leases:

	Governmental Activities				
Equipment Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$	1,901,601 (1,293,172)	\$	489,750 (463,302)	
	\$	608,429	<u>\$</u>	26,448	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 8: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Capital Lease Obligation (continued)

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2008:

Year Ending June 30:		vernmental Activities	Business-Type Activities		
2009	\$	378,785	\$	46,749	
2010		278,897		·	
2011		244,174			
2012		40,493			
2013		40,492			
Total Debt Service Requirements		982,841		46,749	
Less Amount Representing Interest		70,258		958	
Present Value of Remaining Payments	\$	912,583	\$	45,791	

Operating Lease Obligation

The County is committed under various operating leases for office space and computer equipment. The minimum future lease commitments in these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30:	Office Space		Computers	 Total		
2009	\$ 2,479,952	\$	1,134,116	\$ 3,614,068		
2010	2,501,501		929,275	3,430,776		
2011	2,001,867		746,887	2,748,754		
2012	1,262,261			1,262,261		
2013	906,824			906,824		
2014-2017	979,431			979,431		
2018-2046	265,413			265,413		
Total	\$ 10,397,249	\$	2,810,278	\$ 13,207,527		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 8: Long-Term Obligations (continued)

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the County defeased certain tobacco settlement asset bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At June 30, 2008, outstanding general obligation bonds in the amount of \$29,115,000 are considered defeased.

Note 9: Fund Balances/Net Assets

A. Fund Balances

The County has "reserved" fund balances as follows:

- Reserve for Encumbrances was created to represent encumbrances outstanding at the end of the year based on purchase order and contracts signed by the County but not yet completed as of the close of the fiscal year.
- Reserve for Prepaid Expenses represents expenses paid in the financial statement year for services not yet performed.
- Reserve for Advances to other funds represents a portion of the fund balance that is not available for expenditure because County made long-term loan to certain Community Services Districts for local capital projects.
- Reserve for Inventories represents a portion of the fund balance that is not available for expenditure because the County expects to use these resources within the next budgetary period.
- Reserve for Notes receivables represents a portion of fund balance that is not available for expenditure because the collections of such receivables are set at future fiscal periods.
- Designations of Unreserved Fund Balance are created to indicate tentative management plans for financial resource utilization in a future period, such as for subsequent fiscal period expenditures, general contingencies or service of debt. Such plans or intent are subject to change and might never be legally authorized or result in expenditures.
- Undesignated Unreserved Fund Balance indicates available expendable financial resources in a governmental fund that are not the object of tentative management plans (i.e., designations).

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 9: Fund Balances/Net Assets

B. Net Assets

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt is the amount representing capital
 assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding bonds,
 mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition,
 construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net assets is the amount representing those net assets whose usage are subject to limitation and constraint imposed by either external parties (such as creditors, grantors, other governments) or law through constitutional provisions / enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net assets is the amount representing portion of net assets that is neither restricted nor invested in capital assets (net of related debt).

Note 10: Employees' Retirement Plan

Plan Description

The County's retirement plan is administered by the Board of Retirement of the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association (MCERA) a multiple-employer retirement system governed by the 1937 Act of the state government code. It covers employees eligible for membership and provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits based upon specified percentages of final compensation as well as annual cost-of-living adjustments after retirement. Contributions are made by both the County and the employees.

In addition to the County's retirement plan, the Employees' Retirement Association administers the plans of the City of San Rafael, the Novato Fire Protection District, and are performed for several of these other special districts. Separate actuarial valuations are performed for these other agencies and districts, and the responsibility for funding their plans rest with those entities. Post-retirement benefits are administered by MCERA to qualified retirees.

Funding Policy

Members are required to contribute to the County's plan, based on their age at the time of entry into the Plan. Under the provisions of the County's pension plan, pension benefits vest after five years of credited service. The County's annual contributions are actuarially determined. The following assumptions were used in the most recent actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2008.

• Real rate of return is assumed to be 4.0% per year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 10: Employees' Retirement Plan (continued)

Funding Policy (continued)

- Cost of Living Adjustment is capped maximum at 3.8%
- Rate of salary increase is assumed to be 6.62% for the general plan (5.13% for the safety plan).

The actuarial assumptions used in determining contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation.

Annual Pension Cost

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the County's annual pension cost was \$42,416,000.

Funding of the Plan is determined under the "entry age normal" method, which provides for funding of annual normal cost and the unfunded prior service costs over a period of 21 years. This includes amortization of the unfunded present value of credited projected benefits. All administrative costs of the system are borne by MCERA.

Three-Year Trend Information (in thousands)

		Annual	Percentage		
Year Ending]	Pension	of APC		
June 30:	Co	ost (APC)	Contributed		
2007	\$	42,416	100.0%		
2006		36,870	100.0%		
2005		22,085	100.0%		

In addition to the annual required contribution, the County recognized an additional expense of \$4,700,210, the current year amortization relating to the County's net pension asset. The change in the pension asset is as follows:

Net pension asset, beginning of year \$94,004,160 Net pension asset, end of year \$89,303,950

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 10: Employees' Retirement Plan (continued)

Funded Status of County Defined Benefits Pension Plan (in thousands)

Valuation Date (Most Recent Data Available) June 30:]	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	 Actual Accrued Accrued Actuarial Liability Liability (UAA)		Accrued Actuarial	Funded Ratio	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
2007	\$	1,013,543	\$ 1,141,736	\$	128,193	88.80%	\$ 159,177	80.50%
2006		908,767	1,090,344		181,578	83.00%	149,527	121.40%
2005		858,183	992,226		134,043	86.49%	141,272	94.88%

Note 11: Other (than pensions) Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

A. Plan Description

The County of Marin sponsors, and the Marin County Employees' Retirement Association provides administrative services for, a single-employer defined-benefit postemployment healthcare plan (the Plan) to provide medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retired employees. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the County.

Under the current practice, the County allows eligible service and disability retirees and their dependents to continue health coverage in the County's medical and dental plans. The County pays a portion of the premiums based on date of hire.

- For retirees hired before October 1, 1987 (Plan 1), the County pays 100% of the eligible retiree's single health plan premiums.
- For retirees hired between October 1, 1987 and September 30, 1993 (Plan 2), the County pays the retiree's single health plan premiums up to \$2,275 per year.
- For retirees hired between October 1, 1993 and December 31, 2007 (Plan 3), the County pays the retiree's single premium up to a dollar cap based on years of service at retirement, where the dollar cap is reviewed each year. Through January 1, 2007 the cap was increased to cover single Blue Cross Prudent Buyer Classic and Delta Dental premiums. Due to the amount of unfunded liability the County faces, the Board of Supervisors has implemented a policy to limit annual increases in the maximum allocation for Plan 3 to no more than 3%, subject to annual approval regarding whether any increase will be granted and, if so, the amount of the increase.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 11: Other (than pensions) Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (continued)

A. Plan Description (continued)

- For retirees hired on or after January 1, 2008 (Plan 4), the County pays \$150 per year of service up to \$3,000 per year for the retiree's single health plan premiums only.
- Retirees eligible for Plans 1 and 2 may elect Plan 3 instead; and retirees eligible for Plans 1, 2, or 3 may elect Plan 4 instead.
- Certain of the County's medical plans have premium structures that result in subsidies of retiree claim costs from premiums paid for employees by the County.

B. Funding Policy

Contribution policy is determined by the County. The County's Plan has been funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. For fiscal year 2007/08, the County contributed \$9,650,060, including \$8,944,060 in premium payments for retirees, and \$706,000 for implied subsidies.

The County is studying various options for prefunding the Plan and has set aside cash of \$4,000,000, through June 30, 2008, in a reserve for that purpose.

C. Annual Other Postemployment Benefit Cost and Net Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a rolling period not to exceed thirty years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 11: Other (than pensions) Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (continued)

C. Annual Other Postemployment Benefit Cost and Net Obligation (continued)

The following table shows the components of the County's Annual OPEB Cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's Net OPEB Obligation.

Annual required contribution	\$ 41,265,000
Interest on net OPEB obligation	
Adjustment to annual required contribution	
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	41,265,000
Benefit payments made (adjusted for mid-year payment)	(9,888,000)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	31,377,000
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 31,377,000

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of Annual OPEB Cost contributed to the Plan, and the net postemployment healthcare plan obligation were as follows:

		Percentage of	End of
Fiscal Year		Annual	Year Net
Ended	Annual	OPEB Cost	OPEB
June 30	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation_
2008	\$ 41,265,000	24.00%	\$ 31,377,000

D. Funded Status

The July 1, 2005 funded status was:

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	\$ 378,183,000
Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	378,183,000
Funded Ratio (Actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0%
Covered Payroll (active plan members)	129,763,000
UAAL as a Perctentage of Covered Payroll	291.4%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 11: Other (than pensions) Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (continued)

E. Impact of Subsequent Plan Changes

Both the ARC and the Funded Status information shown above have been based on the assumption that the Plan 3 cap would increase over time to cover increases in Blue Cross Prudent Buyer Classic and Delta Dental premiums. Due to the amount of unfunded liability the County faces, the Board of Supervisors has implemented a policy to limit annual increases to no more than 3%, subject to annual approval regarding whether any increase will be granted and, if so, the amount of the increase. Pursuant to this policy the Board has limited both January 1, 2008 and January 1, 2009 cap increases to 3%. Had the ARC and the Funded Status calculations been based on limiting all future cap increases to 3%, the ARC would have been reduced to \$26,795,000; the end of year Net OPEB Obligation would have been reduced to \$16,907,000; and the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability would have been reduced to \$310,945,000.

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future.

Actuarially determined amounts are subject to constant revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point.

In the June 30, 2005 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 5.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), a 4.0% inflation rate, and annual healthcare cost trend rates for dental of 5.0% annually and medical of 11.5% initially (14.0% for Kaiser Senior Advantage, 8.5% for Medicare Part B premiums), decreasing to 6% over eleven years. In addition, the Plan 3 Cap (which through 2007 kept pace with Delta Dental and Blue Cross Prudent Buyer Classic premiums) has been assumed to continue to increase with these premiums in the future. Salary scale and demographic assumptions for withdrawal, mortality, disability, and retirement rates were based on the MCERA June 30, 2005 actuarial valuation assumptions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 11: Other (than pensions) Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan (continued)

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (continued)

The UAAL was amortized over an open period of 30 years as a level percentage of payrolls.

Schedule of Funding Progress Postemployment Healthcare Plan (in thousands)

	A	Actuarial	TT C 1 1			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial Value of	Accrued Liability	Unfunded AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of Covered
Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	$\frac{((b-a)/c)}{}$
7/1/05	\$	\$ 378,183	\$ 378,183	0%	\$ 129,763	291.4%

Note 12: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Certain claims and legal actions have been made against the County. The County will contest and vigorously defend any significant legal actions. It is the County's opinion that insurance coverage and designated fund balances are sufficient to cover any potential losses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 13: Restatement of Net Assets and Fund Balances

The impact of the restatement on the fund balances/net assets as previously reported is presented below:

	Government-Wide	Fund Financial Statements					
	Statement of	Governmental Funds					
				Other			
	Governmental		Capital	Governmental			
Governmental Activities	Activities	General	Projects	Funds			
Oovermentar returnes							
Fund balances/net assets,							
June 30, 2007, as							
previously reported	\$ 1,579,473,133_	\$ 143,779,769	\$ 60,562,359	\$ 89,805,470			
Prior period adjustments:							
Capital asset adjustment	(2,099,335)						
Reclassification of Other							
Governmental Fund to Agency Fund	(3,350,305)			(3,350,305)			
Total restatement	(5,449,640)			(3,350,305)			
Fund balances/net assets,							
July 1, 2007, as restated	\$ 1,574,023,493	\$ 143,779,769	\$ 60,562,359	\$ 86,455,165			
July 1, 2001, us resident	<u> </u>						
	Governmental-Wide	Fund Financi	al Statements				
	Statement of	Proprieta	ry Funds				
	Business-Type	Housing	Nonmajor				
Business-Type Activities	Activities	Authority	Enterprise				
Fund balances/net assets,							
June 30, 2007, as							
	\$ 40,769,469	\$ 27,817,192	\$ 12,952,277	*			
previously reported	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ψ 14,734,411				
Prior period adjustments	472,665	472,665					
Fund balances/net assets,	m 41 040 104	e 20 200 eeu	e 10.050.077				
July 1, 2007, as restated	\$ 41,242,134	\$ 28,289,857	\$ 12,952,277				

Net Assets restatements on governmental activities:

- 1) Reverse prior year construction in progress capitalized in error.
- 2) Reclassification of other governmental fund to Agency fund relating to a blended component unit.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 13: Restatement of Net Assets and Fund Balances

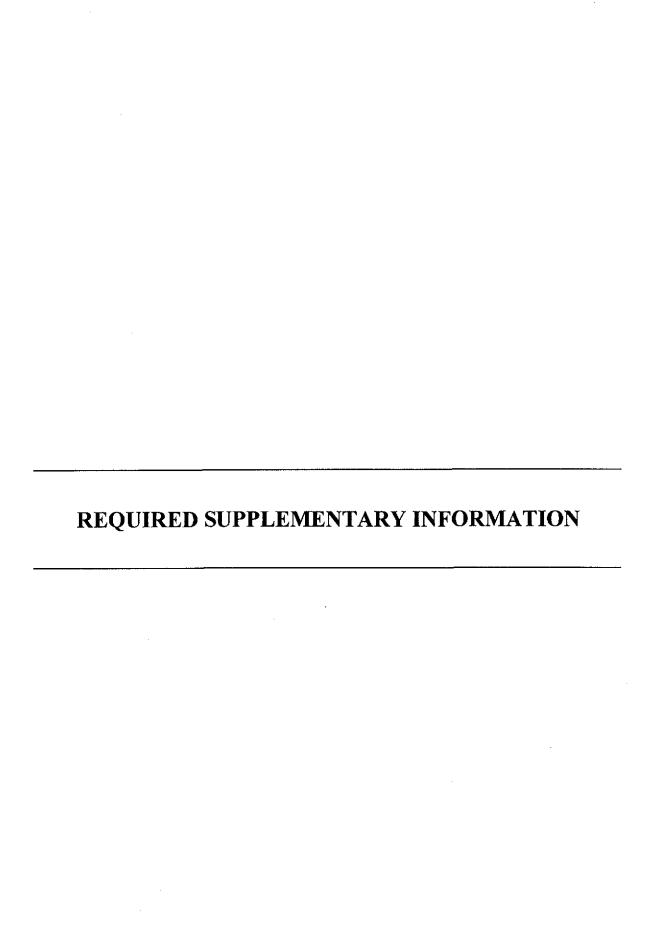
Net Assets restatements on business-type activities:

Marin Housing Authority uses the calendar year as its fiscal year and restated its beginning net assets for fiscal year 06-07 by \$472,665.

The prior period adjustments consist of the addition of the net assets of two blended component units — Marin County Housing Development Financing Corporation (MCHDFC) and the Marin Housing Development Corporation (MHDC) as follows:

MCHDFC \$ 885,536 MHDC (412,871) \$ 472,665

Overall cash for the Housing Authority increased by \$677,372 as part of this restatement.



Schedule of Funding Progress For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Funded Status of County Defined Benefits Pension Plan (in thousands)

Valuation Date (Most Recent Data Available)	Actuarial Value of		Jnfunded Accrued Actuarial	Funded	Annual Covered	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
June 30,	Plan Assets	<u>Liability</u>	Liability (UAAL)		<u>Ratio</u>		
2007 2006 2005	\$ 1,013,543 908,767 858,183	\$ 1,141,736 1,090,344 992,226	\$	128,193 181,578 134,043	88.80% 83.00% 86.49%	\$ 159,177 149,527 141,272	80.50% 121.40% 94.88%

Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post Employment Benefits Healthcare Plan (in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/05	\$	\$ 378,183	\$ 378,183	0%	\$ 129,763	291.4%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information – Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

- 1) This information is intended to help users assess the County's OPEB Plan's statutes on a going-concern basis, assess progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due, and make comparisons with other public employers.
- 2) Multi-year trend information is not available as this is the first valuation under GASB 45. In the future, information from the three most recent valuations will be presented.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts Budgetary		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	7111104	Final		Basis	1	(Negative)
Budgetary fund balances, July 1, restated	\$	143,779,769	\$	143,779,769	\$	143,779,769	\$	
Resources (inflows):								
Taxes		145,579,221		171,099,630		170,925,976		(173,654)
Licenses and permits		4,606,103		4,805,477		4,687,284		(118,193)
Intergovernmental revenues		139,702,668		152,135,285		152,139,663		4,378
Charges for services		39,597,605		43,374,589		46,246,361		2,871,772
Fines and forfeits		3,903,748		3,941,998		6,271,635		2,329,637
From use of money and property		5,233,879		5,800,734		9,349,183		3,548,449
Miscellaneous		6,830,126		6,590,899		2,937,686		(3,653,213)
Other financing sources				4,169,977		7,762,066		3,592,089
Amounts available for appropriation		345,453,350		391,918,589	_	400,319,854		8,401,265
Charges to appropriations (outflows):								
Current:		99,994,287		107,888,863		77,997,254		29,891,609
General government		110,013,026		121,663,173		120,913,146		750,027
Public protection		559,044		5,231,518		5,651,711		(420,193)
Public ways and facilities		95,048,150		91,072,451		88,064,110		3,008,341
Health and sanitation		54,538,058		55,850,587		55,019,354		831,233
Public assistance		385,202		422,216		417,043		5,173
Education		7,998,069		8,815,130		7,922,570		892,560
Culture and recreation		7,330,003		0,015,150		2,475,289		(2,475,289)
Capital outlay						2,473,207		(2,413,207)
Debt Service						13,324		(13,324)
Principal						20,536		(20,536)
Interest		 		12 447 601		26,485,429		(14,037,828)
Other financing uses		5,556,986	_	12,447,601	_			
Total charges to appropriations		374,092,822		403,391,539		384,979 <u>,766</u>		18,411,773
Budgetary fund balances, June 30	<u>\$</u>	115,140,297	\$	132,306,819	<u>\$</u>	159,119,857	\$	26,813,038
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Or and Expenditures:	itflows and	i GAAP Revenues						
Sources/inflows of resources								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	from the							
budgetary comparison statement							\$	400,319,854
Differences - budget to GAAP:								
Transfers from other funds and proceeds from the sale of resources but are not revenues for financial reporting pu		ets are inflows of l	oudgeta	nry				(7,762,066)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, exper changes in fund balances - governmental funds	ditures, an	d					\$	392,557,788
Uses/outflows of resources								
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriati-	ons" from	the						
budgetary comparison statement	•						\$	384,979,766
Differences - budget to GAAP:								
Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resour for financial reporting purposes.	ces but are	not expenditures						(26,485,429)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues,								
expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental fi	ınds						\$	358,494,337

Note to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2008

BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

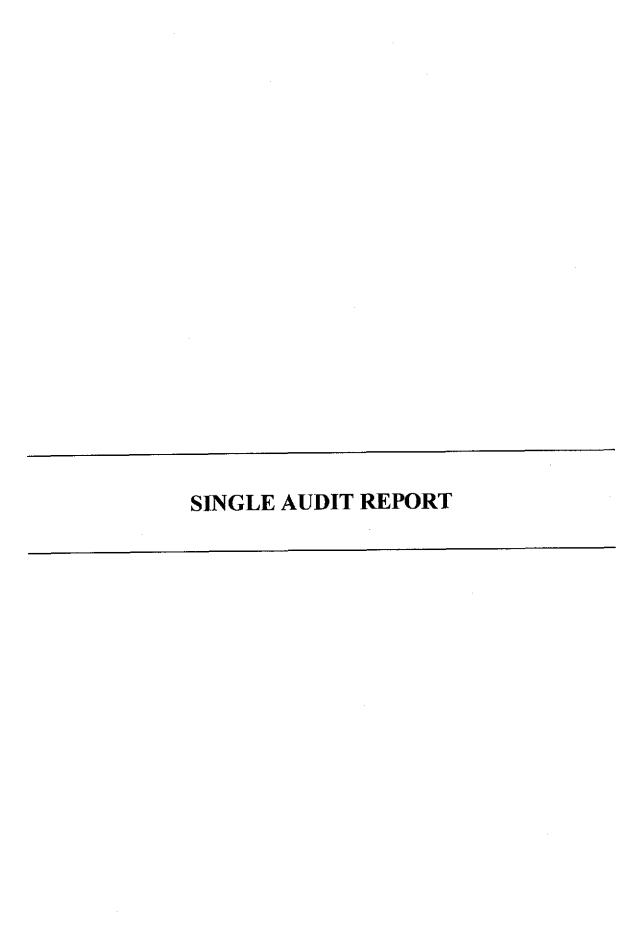
In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 and 29143, inclusive, of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares a budget for each fiscal year on or before August 30. Budgeted expenditures are enacted into law through the passage of an Appropriation Ordinance. This ordinance mandates the maximum authorized expenditures for the fiscal year and cannot be exceeded except by subsequent amendments to the budget by the County's Board of Supervisors.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for all Governmental Funds. Expenditures are controlled at the object level within budget units for the County. The object level within a budget unit is the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. Any amendments or transfers of appropriations between object levels within the same budget unit or between departments or funds are authorized by the County Administrator, pursuant to authority granted by the Board of Supervisors. Supplementary appropriations normally financed by unanticipated revenues during the year must be approved by the Board of Supervisors. Pursuant to Board Resolution, the County Administrator is authorized to approve transfers and revision of appropriations within a single budget unit as deemed necessary and appropriate. Budgeted amounts in the budgetary financial schedules are reported as originally adopted and is amended during the fiscal year by resolutions approved by the Board of Supervisors.

The County uses an encumbrances system as an extension of normal budgetary accounting for the general, special revenue, and other debt service funds and to assist in controlling expenditures of the capital projects funds. Under this system, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of applicable appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are recorded as reservations of fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances are combined with expenditures for budgetary comparison purposes. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end. Encumbered appropriations are carried forward in the ensuing year's budget.

The budget approved by the Board of Supervisors for the general fund includes budgeted expenditures and reimbursements for amounts disbursed on behalf of other Governmental Funds. Actual reimbursements for these items have been eliminated in the accompanying budgetary financial schedules. Accordingly, the related budgets for these items have also been eliminated in order to provide a meaningful comparison of actual and budgeted results of operations.

The amounts reported in the budgetary basis equal the amounts in basic financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Annual budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Variances between final budget and actual amounts in the budgetary comparison schedules result mainly from revenues and expenditures in trust funds that are not budgeted, but are reflected in actual amounts. Further, the budget-to-actual comparison schedule incorporates revenue reporting by sources, and expenditure reporting by functions. In the past, the actual expenditure data for capital projects & outlays (capital spending) are aggregately classified under the *Public Ways and Facilities* reporting function. Aided by improved accounting software and tracking mechanism, these capital spending can now be further studied and classified into various reporting functions so that financial statement users are able to see a better integration between budget and actual data for comparison and analysis purpose.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Supervisors County of Marin San Rafael, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Marin, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We did not audit the financial statements of the Marin County Redevelopment Agency, the Housing Authority of the County of Marin, and the Marin County Transit District. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County of Marin's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting

Board of Supervisors County of Marin San Rafael, California

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (continued)

principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 08-FS-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We did not consider any of the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Marin's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the County of Marin in a separate letter dated January 8, 2010.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Roseville, California January 8, 2010

Ballina LLP



REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Supervisors County of Marin San Rafael, California

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the County of Marin, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The County of Marin's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulation, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County of Marin's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County of Marin's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County of Marin's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County of Marin's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the County of Marin complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. However, the results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance with those requirements, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 08-SA-1, 08-SA-2, and 08-SA-3.

Board of Supervisors County of Marin San Rafael, California

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of the County of Marin is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the entity's internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses as defined below. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 08-SA-1, 08-SA-2, and 08-SA-3 to be significant deficiencies.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We did not consider any of the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses.

Board of Supervisors County of Marin San Rafael, California

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Marin, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2010. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The Supplementary Schedules of the Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation Programs Grant Expenditures beginning on page 93 have not been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the County's response, and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of Supervisors, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Roseville, California January 8, 2010

Gallina LLP

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through State Department of Social Services: Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.551*		\$ 7,288,853
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition			,,200,,000
Assistance Program	10.561*		112,094
Subtotal			7,400,947
Passed through State Department of Health Services: California Nutrition Network Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants,	10.550	06-55101	377,706
and Children Subtotal	10.557	05-45769	651,805 1,029,511
Passed through California Department of Aging:	10.576		5,920
Senior Farmers Market	10.576		3,920
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			\$ 8,436,378
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Passed through State Department of Fish and Game:			
Kent Canyon Fish Passage	11.463		183,149
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			\$ 183,149
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Direct Programs:			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-97-UC-06-0004	334
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-99-UC-06-0004	897
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-01-UC-06-0004	15
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-02-UC-06-0004	111,888
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-03-UC-06-0004	76,208
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-04-UC-06-0004	5,311
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-05-UC-06-0004	285,914
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-06-UC-06-0004	241,758
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants Subtotal CFDA 14.218 Direct	14.218	B-07-UC-06-0004	1,182,796 1,905,121
			- 15 - 7 5
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239*	M-04-UC-06-0206	57,366
HOME Investment Partnerships Program Subtotal CFDA 14.239 Direct	14.239*	M-06-UC-06-0206	13,025 70,391
Economic Development Initiative - Special Projects	14.246		<u>56,317</u>
Subtotal Direct			2,031,829

	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's	Disbursements/
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (continued) Passed through San Francisco Redevelopment Agency: AIDS Program	,		
Housing Opportunities For Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)	14.241	CA-H01-003	\$ 345,000
Housing Opportunities For Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)	14.241	CA-H05-003	45,288
Housing Opportunities For Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)	14.241	CA-H06-003	124,514
Housing Opportunities For Persons With AIDS (HOPWA) Subtotal CFDA 14.241	14.241	CA-H07-003	134,840 649,642
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			\$ 2,681,471
U.S. Department of Interior Passed through National Park Service:			
West Marin Emergency Services	15.000	CX8140 9-007	90,915
NPS Firefighting Assistance	15.000		571,432
11.0.1.101161			
Total U.S. Department of Interior			\$ 662,347
U.S. Department of Justice Direct Programs:			
Violence Against Women Act	16.588		183,312
SCAAP	16.606		465,641
Stop Abuse & Sexual Assault Against Older Individuals	16.528	2006-EW-AX-K003	119,987
Subtotal			768,940
Passed through State Office of Emergency Services:			
Child Abuse Treatment Program	16.575	AT 06030210	44,746
Child Abuse Treatment Program	16.575	AT 07040210	81,134
Victim Witness Assistance Program	16.575	VW 07260210	78,826
Coordination of Probation Enforcement	16.738	DC 07100210	177,058
Subtotal			381,764
Passed through California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation:			
Juvenile Accountability Incentive Block Grant	16.523	CSA 129-07	15,598
Title II Formula Grants	16.540	CSA 351-06	614,684
Subtotal			630,282
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$ 1,780,986
U.S. Department of Labor Passed through State Employment and Training Administration:	15.050		202.402
WIA - Title I Adult	17.258	 '	302,403
WIA - Youth	17.259		217,481
WIA - Dislocated Workers	17.260		34 4 ,821
WIA - Rapid Response	17.261		104,352
Subtotal			969,057

^{*} Major Program

	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's	Disbursements/
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Labor (continued) Passed through California Department of Aging: Title V - Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235	TV0708-05	\$ 97,197
Total U.S. Department of Labor			\$ 1,066,254
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Program: Airport Improvement Program Subtotal	20.106	03-06-0167-13	265,229 265,229
Passed through State Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction Subtotal	20.205* 20.205* 20.205* 20.205* 20.205* 20.205*	NMPTL-5927(051) STPLH-5927(039) NMPTL-5927(056) NMPTL-5927(058) PLHL-5927(024) NMPTL-5927(055)	492,751 11,864 83,158 149,190 353,394 10,009 2,547,177 3,647,543
Total U.S. Department of Transportation U.S. National Endowment for the Humanities Passed through State of California Library Out of School Time Online Homework Help Early Learning With Families (ELF) Total U.S. National Endowment for the Humanities	45.310 45.310	LSTA #40-6945 LSTA #40-6988	\$ 3,912,772 19,125 5,000 \$ 24,125
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Direct Program: Water Infrastructure - Improvements	66.606		94,631
Passed through California Department of Public Health: Beach Monitoring and Notification Program Grants	66.472	07-65558	25,000_
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			\$ 119,631
U.S. Department of Education Passed through State Department of Rehabilitation: Rehabilitation Services - Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States	s 84.126		64,679
Passed through State Department of Education: Safe and Drug Free Schools IDEA Subtotal	84.186 84.325	 	186,114 1,385,783 1,571,897
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>\$ 1,636,576</u>
* Major Program 72	•		

	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Grantor's	Disbursements/
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct Programs:			
Treatment Capacity Expansion Grant	93.389		\$ 125,000
Subtotal			125,000
Passed through California Department of Aging:	•		
Title VII - Elder Abuse	93.041		1,835
Title VII - Ombudsman	93.042		13,573
Title IIID - Disease Prevention	93.043		14,508
Title IIIB - Supportive Services	93.044		276,341
Title IIIC - Congregate and Home Delivered Nutrition	93.045		421,421
Title IIIE - Family Caregiver	93.052		116,921
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053		53,754
Subtotal			898,353
Passed through State Department of Social Services:			
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		119,444
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558*		12,728,022
Child Support Enforcement	93.563*		2,519,781
Refugee Cash Assistance	93.566		11,018
Child Welfare Services – State Grants	93.645		67,454
Foster Care – Title IV-E	93.658		2,114,670
Adoption Assistance Program	93.659		1,034,934
CWS - Title XX	93.667		103,957
Independent Living Program	93.674		92,689
Office of Refugee Resettlement	93.676	HHSP23320072903yb	161,921
Subtotal			18,953,890
Passed through State Department of Health Services:			
Emergency Preparedness - Lab	93.065		107,129
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Program	93.069		455,507
Child Lead Poisoning Prevention	93.197	05-45146	60,111
Family Planning Services	93.217	210-1614-05-08	111,049
Immunization Assistance Program	93.268	07-65231	32,677
Breast Cancer Research	93.283	R01-DP000217	98,612
Child Welfare Services – State Grants	93.645		1,184,636
Medical Assistance Program/MAA/TCM	93.778*		3,374,446
Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889		118,298
Maternal and Child Health Services	93.994	200721	109,360
Community Challenge Grant	93.217	05-45287	173,225
Subtotal			5,825,050
Passed through City and County of San Francisco Department of Public Health:			
HIV Emergency Relief Formula Grant	93.914		569,748
TIT . TITLE POTENT TOTAL TOTAL CONTINUE			

^{*} Major Program

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Disbursements/ Expenditures
		- `	-
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (continued)	,		
Passed through the State Department of Mental Health:			
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)	93.150		\$ 64,646
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration			
(SAMHSA)	93.958		<u>548,757</u>
Subtotal			613,403
D. Lit. 1 C. (D.) (CAL. 1) ID. All as December			
Passed through State Department of Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs:	93.959*		1,895,082
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.243	- -	120,389
State Incentive Grant	93.778*		190,059
Federal Drug Medi-Cal	73.776		2,205,530
Subtotal			2,203,330
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 29,190,974
TIOD (CIT. 1 10tr.			
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through State Office of Homeland Security:	97.067	2005-0015	63,052
Homeland Security Grant FY 2005	97.067	2006-0071	71,310
Homeland Security Grant FY 2006	97.067	2007-0008	94,241
Homeland Security Grant FY 2007	71.001	2007-0000	228,603
Subtotal			220,005
Passed through State Office of Emergency Services:			
Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042		78,576
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			\$ 307,179
•			
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards Excluding Loans			\$ 50,001,842
Beginning Federal Loan Balances With a Continuing Compliance Require <u>U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development</u>	ement		
Direct Programs:			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218		\$ 2,724,634
HOME Investment Partnerships Program	14.239*		6,196,699
Passed through San Francisco Redevelopment Agency: AIDS Program Housing Opportunities For Persons With AIDS (HOPWA)	14.241		125,000
Federal Loan Balances With a Continuing Compliance Requirement			9,046,333
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards Including Loans			\$ 59,048,175
Total Exheuntares of Legeral Magins Incidning Posits			Ψ JJ,070,173

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 1: Reporting Entity

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal awards programs of the County of Marin, except for those activities of the Housing Authority of the County of Marin and the Marin County Transit District. The County of Marin's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. Federal awards received directly from federal agencies as well as federal awards passed through other government agencies are included in the schedule. The Housing Authority of the County of Marin and the Marin County Transit District are component units of the County. Separate reports have been issued for the Housing Authority of the County of Marin and the Marin County Transit District by other auditors.

Note 2: Basis of Accounting

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is prepared on a modified accrual basis. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

Note 3: Relationship to Financial Statements

The amounts reported in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards agree, in all material respects, to amounts reported within the County's financial statements. Federal award revenues are reported principally in the County's financial statements as intergovernmental revenues in the General Fund and Other Governmental funds.

Note 4: Program Clusters

Federal programs, which are considered together as a program cluster, include the following:

Federal CFDA	Program Title	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
Food Stan	np Cluster:	
10.551 10.561	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program State Administrative Matching Grants for the	\$ 7,288,853
10.501	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	112,094
	TOTAL	\$ 7,400,947

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 4: Program Clusters (continued)

Federal CFDA	Program Title	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
WIA Clust	<u>er</u> :	
17.258 17.259 17.260 17.261	Title I Adult Youth Dislocated Workers Rapid Response	\$ 302,403 217,481 344,821 104,352
	TOTAL	<u>\$ 969,057</u>
Aging Clus	ster:	
93.041	Title VII – Elder Abuse	\$ 1,835
93.042	Title VII – Ombudsman	13,573
93.043	Title IIID – Disease Prevention	14,508
93.044	Title IIIB – Supportive Services	276,341
93.045	Title IIIC – Congregate & Home Delivered Nutrition	421,421
93.052	Title IIIE – Family Caregiver	116,921
93.053	Nutrition Services Incentive Program	53,754
	TOTAL	\$ 898,353

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 5: Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the County provided federal awards to programs as follows:

Federal			
<u>CFDA</u>	Program Title		Amount
14010		Ф	1 460 706
14.218	Community Development Block Grant Program	\$	1,460,786
14.239	HOME Investment Partnership Program		57,366
14.241	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS Program		639,534
15.000	West Marin Emergency Services		90,915
16.528	Stop Abuse and Sexual Assault Against Older Individuals		84,206
16.575	Child Abuse Treatment Program		109,952
16.588	Violence Against Women Act		183,312
17.235	Senior Community Service Employment Program		97,197
84.325	IDEA		1,385,783
84.126	Vocational Rehabilitation		64,679
84.186	Safe and Drug Free Schools		186,114
93.389	Treatment Capacity Expansion Grant		125,000
93.041	Title VII – Elder Abuse		1,835
93.042	Title VII – Ombudsman		13,573
93.043	Title IIID – Disease Prevention		14,508
93.044	Title IIIB – Supportive Services		276,341
93.045	Title IIIC – Congregate and Home Delivered Nutrition		421,421
93.052	Title IIIE – Family Caregiver		116,921
93.053	Nutrition Services Incentive Program		53,754
93.243	State Incentive Grant		120,389
93.958	SAMHSA		548,757
93.959	Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant		1,895,082
93.150	PATH		64,646
	Total	<u>\$</u>	8,012,071

Note 6: Pass-Through Entities' Identifying Number

When federal awards were received from a pass-through entity, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards shows, if available, the identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity. When no identifying number is shown, the County determined that no identifying number is assigned for the program or the County was unable to obtain an identifying number from the pass-through entity.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Note 7: Department of Aging Federal/State Share

The California Department of Aging (CDA) requires agencies who receive CDA funding to display state-funded expenditures discretely along with federal expenditures. The County expended the following state and federal amounts under these grants:

<u>CFDA</u>	Grant No.	Federal Expenditures		State I	Expenditures
17.235		\$	97,197	\$	41,324
93.041			1,835		165
93.042			13,573		2,402
93.043			14,508		626
93.044			276,341		42,933
93.045			421,421		24,868
93.052			116,921		
93.053			53,754		***
N/A – Administration					31,913
N/A – CBSP					339,586
Total		<u>\$</u>	995,550	<u>\$</u>	483,817

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Summary of Auditor's Results

Yes

Financial Statements	
1. Type of auditor's report issued:	Unqualified
2. Internal control over financial reporting:	
a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
b. Significant deficiencies identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses	Yes
3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
1. Internal control over major programs:	
a. Material weaknesses identified?	No
b. Significant deficiencies identified not	
considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes
2. Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	4
for major programs:	Unqualified
	·

4. Identification of major programs:

OMB A-133, Section 510(a)?

3. Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Circular

Section 1

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program
10.551	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program
10.561	State Administrative Matching Grants for the
	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program
14.239	HOME Investment Partnership Program
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families
93.563	Child Support Enforcement
93.778	Medical Assistance Program
93.959	Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment
	of Substance Abuse

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Federal Awards (continued)	Summary of Auditor's Results
 Dollar Threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: 	\$1,771,445
 Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee under OMB Circular A-133, Section 530? 	No
Section 2	
Financial Statement Findings	
Payroll Accrual Process	08-FS-1
Section 3	
Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	
CFDA 10.551 and 10.561 CFDA 93.558 CFDA 93.778	Finding 08-SA-1 Finding 08-SA-2 Finding 08-SA-3

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Program

Findings/Noncompliance

Finding 08-FS-1

Payroll Accrual Process: Significant Deficiency

Criteria

Accrued payroll liabilities should be recorded at the fund level for any pay period related to June 30th or earlier for which the payroll checks/ACHs have not yet been remitted and disbursed to employees. These items should not be recorded as a credit to cash until they have been paid and disbursed to employees.

Condition

Payroll for the period ended June 28, 2008 which was paid on July 3, 2008 was posted to the general ledger on June 30, 2008 to ensure expenses were included in the correct year. However, on the balance sheet side, the amount that should have been posted to payroll liabilities at the fund level was credited to cash at the fund level. In addition, all other payroll liabilities (net pay for checks, tax withholding liabilities, payroll tax liabilities, and benefit liabilities) were reclassified out of the accounts at the fund level and into a payroll liability account of a fiduciary fund (Fund 80152). The net audit adjustment to credit accrued payroll and debit cash in the primary government was approximately \$7.9 million.

Cause

The County processes payroll biweekly, and records the proper distribution of costs and accruals to pay employees appropriately. This process records a reduction in cash and amounts owed to employees when the file is sent to the bank. The bank is instructed to not make payment until 2 to 3 days after receipt of file, pay day.

The County considers cash to be reduced when the payment file is sent to the bank, even though the bank is instructed to pay three days later. This ensures that the county's cash is not available to pay any other items until its obligation to employees is met.

Effect of Condition

By not adjusting the automatic posting of the payroll accrual entry at year-end, both cash and accrued payroll were understated.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Program

Findings/Noncompliance

Finding 08-FS-1 (continued)

Recommendation

We recommend the County review its final payroll for the fiscal year to ensure that cash is not adjusted earlier than it should be based on the check issuance dates. If cash is affected due to earlier transmission of information to the bank, then a journal entry should be prepared to correct overall cash and liabilities.

Management Response

In the future, the County will record an adjustment, by increasing its cash and liability for payroll, to reflect the payment file that is sent to the bank but not yet executed by year end.

The Department of Finance is responsible for the implementation of this plan.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Program

Findings/Noncompliance

Finding 08-SA-1

Supplemental
Nutrition
Assistance
Program and the
State
Administrative
Matching Grants
for the
Supplemental
Nutrition
Assistance
Program
CFDA 10.551 &
10.561

Award No. n/a Year: 2007/2008

Federal Grantor:

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Pass-Through Entity:

State Department of Social Services

Compliance Requirement: Special Tests

Reporting Requirement: Significant Deficiency and

Material Noncompliance in Relation to a Compliance Supplement Audit Objective

Criteria

7 CFR 274.12(i) requires that States that use EBT must have systems in place to reconcile all of the funds entering into, exiting from, and remaining in the system each day. This includes a reconciliation of the State's issuance files of postings to recipient accounts with the EBT contractor. In complying with the federal requirements, the California Department of Social Services Manual (California-DSS-Manual-EBT), §16-410.1 "Food Stamp and Cash Reconciliation Process" requires that "the county shall on a daily basis reconcile benefits entering into the EBT system with the county's eligibility system." As well, §16-410.1.14 provides that: "within an EBT system the county shall reconcile between the three interrelated but independent accounting systems: .141 the County's eligibility system that is issuing benefits electronically and creating obligations; .142 The EBT Contractor's EBT system that is managing the recipient benefits accounts and outstanding obligations; .142 The funding system that is managing the funds required for settling the outstanding obligations.

Further, 7 CFR § 274.12 (j)(1) requires that reconciliations be conducted and records kept documenting the various reconciliation procedures including, but not limited to, the following: "(v) reconciliation of total funds entered into . . . the system each day." The County eligibility system controls funds entering into the Food Stamp EBT system.

Condition

We inquired about the daily reconciliations between the EBT system and the county's eligibility system (ISAWS) and were informed that the daily reconciliations were not being done and that the County was not aware of this requirement.

Questioned Costs

No costs are questioned.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Program

Findings/Noncompliance

Finding 08-SA-1

(continued)

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program and the State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance

Award No. n/a Year: 2007/2008

CFDA 10.551 &

Program

10.561

<u>Perspective</u>

Our review of monthly DFA 885 reports and supporting documentation did confirm that reconciliations were being performed on a monthly basis in the process of completing the required reports.

Effect of Condition

Not performing the reconciliations as required increases the chance of an error or irregularity going undetected.

Recommendation

We recommend that the county perform and document its daily EBT Food Stamp reconciliations. The county might consider using a spreadsheet which cumulatively shows the reconciliations, along with maintaining the backup on reconciling items for at least one year.

Corrective Action Plan

Social Service Program Manager will ensure daily EBT Food Stamp reconciliations by using a spreadsheet which cumulatively shows the reconciliations and in addition will maintain the backup on reconciling items.

Social Service Program Manager will randomly review 10 cases quarterly to ensure compliance and documentation of daily reconciliations. This review will begin in 01/09 and commence for a 2 year period.

Social Service Program Manager will document review findings and actions taken.

Social Service Program Manager will inform Social Service Division Director and HHS Chief Fiscal Officer quarterly of review results and actions taken.

The contact person for this corrective action plan is the Assistant Director of Health and Human Services. The telephone number is 415.499.7159.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Program	Findings/Noncompliance								
Finding 08-SA-2	Federal Grantor:	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services							
Temporary	Pass-Through Entity:	State Department of Social Services							
Assistance for	Compliance Requirement:	Eligibility/Special Tests (IEVS)							
Needy Families	Reporting Requirement:	Significant Deficiency and							
CFDA 93.558		Material Noncompliance in Relation to a							
		Compliance Supplement Audit Objective							
Award No. n/a		* **							
Year: 2007-2008	Criteria								

As required by § 1137 of the Social Security Act, income and benefit information from the Income Eligibility and Verification System (IEVS) database must be requested and used when making eligibility determinations. The County must review and compare the information obtained from IEVS against information contained in the case record to determine whether it affects the individual's eligibility or level of assistance, benefits or services.

Condition

We tested twenty-nine cases and noted that two cases did not have current IEVS documents for all active individuals on the cases and two cases had current IEVS but they had not been signed and dated by the Eligibility Worker.

Questioned Costs

No costs are questioned. All of these cases were eligible for federal assistance under this program. The problem was that their eligibility was not properly documented, as required that IEVS be used when determining eligibility.

Perspective

We noted that the current IEVS were missing for 4 individuals. We assumed an average number of individuals requiring an IEVS per case was 3.5. That means we tested for 102 IEVS with 4 current IEVS missing. The error rate for the sample was 4 / 102 = 3.92%.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Program

Findings/Noncompliance

Finding 08-SA-2 (continued)

Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CFDA 93.558

Award No. n/a Year: 2007-2008

Effect of Condition

The IEVS system is an elaborate, federally-mandated system which compiles government information for the purpose of tracking federal program eligibility data. Not requesting and using IEVS in eligibility determination can result in individuals receiving benefits to which they are not entitled.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Department review this omission to request, review, and compare the IEVS to information in the case record. We recommend that the Department attempt to determine why the current system of controls failed to prevent these exceptions and that the Department establish and communicate a policy designed to ensure that IEVS information is requested, received, and reviewed and that this review is documented in each case.

Corrective Action Plan

Social Service Program Manager will complete Quarterly Review of random 10 cases- to ensure required documentation is present beginning in 01/09 and commencing for a 2-year period.

Social Service Program Manager will document review findings and actions taken.

Social Service Program Manager will inform Social Service Division Director and HHS Chief Fiscal Officer quarterly of review results and actions taken.

The contact person for this corrective action plan is the Assistant Director of Health and Human Services. The telephone number is 415.499.7159.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Finding 08-SA-3 Federal Grantor: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Medical Assistance Findings/Noncompliance U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Services Attachol and Drug Abuse Programs

Program CFDA 93.778

Award No. n/a

Year: 2007-2008

Compliance Requirement: Eligibility/Special Tests (IEVS)
Reporting Requirement: Significant Deficiency and

Material Noncompliance in Relation to a
Compliance Supplement Audit Objective

Criteria

As required by § 1137 of the Social Security Act, income and benefit information from the Income Eligibility and Verification System (IEVS) database must be requested and used when making eligibility determinations. The County must review and compare the information obtained from IEVS against information contained in the case record to determine whether it affects the individual's eligibility or level of assistance, benefits or services.

Condition

We tested twenty-nine cases and noted that five cases did not have current IEVS documents for all active individuals.

Questioned Costs

No costs are questioned. All of these cases were eligible for federal assistance under this program. The problem was that their eligibility was not properly documented, as required that IEVS be used when determining eligibility.

Perspective

We noted that the current IEVS were missing for 6 individuals. We assumed an average number of individuals requiring an IEVS per case was 3.5. That means we tested for 102 IEVS with 6 current IEVS missing. The error rate for the sample was 6/102 = 5.88%.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Program

Findings/Noncompliance

Finding 08-SA-3 (continued)

Medical Assistance Program CFDA 93.778

Award No. n/a Year: 2007-2008

Effect of Condition

The IEVS system is an elaborate, federally-mandated system which compiles government information for the purpose of tracking federal program eligibility data. Not requesting and using IEVS in eligibility determination can result in individuals receiving benefits to which they are not entitled.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Department review this omission to request, review, and compare the IEVS to information in the case record. We recommend that the Department attempt to determine why the current system of controls failed to prevent these exceptions and that the Department establish and communicate a policy designed to ensure that IEVS information is requested, received, and reviewed and that this review is documented in each case.

Corrective Action Plan

Social Service Program Manager will complete Quarterly Review of random 10 cases- to ensure required documentation is present beginning in 01/09 and commencing for a 2-year period.

Social Service Program Manager will document review findings and actions taken.

Social Service Program Manager will inform Social Service Division Director and HHS Chief Fiscal Officer quarterly of review results and actions taken.

The contact person for this corrective action plan is the Assistant Director of Health and Human Services. The telephone number is 415.499.7159.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Audit Reference
Number

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

Finding 07-SA-1

Food Stamps and

Federal Grantor:

U.S. Department of Agriculture

Pass-Through Entity:

State Department of Social Services

Compliance Requirement: Special Tests

State Administrative Matching Grants for Food Stamp

Significant Deficiency and

Program

Reporting Requirement:

CFDA 10.551 &

Material Noncompliance in Relation to a Compliance Supplement Audit Objective

10.561

Condition

Award No. n/a Year: 2006/2007

We inquired about the daily reconciliations between the EBT system and the county's eligibility system (ISAWS) and were informed that the daily reconciliations were not being done and that the County was not aware of this requirement.

Recommendation

We recommend that the county perform and document its daily EBT Food Stamp reconciliations. The county might consider using a spreadsheet which cumulatively shows the reconciliations, along with maintaining the backup on reconciling items for at least one year.

<u>Status</u>

Not Implemented.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Audit Reference
Number

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

Finding 07-SA-2

Federal Grantor:

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban

Development

HOME Pass-Through Entity: None

Investments Partnership

Compliance Requirement: Special Tests - Housing Quality Standards

Reporting Requirement:

Significant Deficiency

Program CFDA 14.239

Condition

Award No. n/a Year: 2006/2007 During our review we determined the participating jurisdiction (County) was not verifying the information submitted by the owners on one project.

Recommendation

We recommend that the County develop a plan with a time table to include the date(s) that they will set aside to verify the information submitted to them by the owners.

Status

Implemented.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Audit Reference
Number

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

Finding 07-SA-3

Highway Planning and Construction CFDA 20.205

Award No. n/a Year: 2006/2007 Julia of Thor Tour Manie

Federal Grantor:

U.S. Department of Transportation

Pass-Through Entity:

State Department of Transportation

Compliance Requirement: Reporting

Reporting Requirement: Material Weakness

Condition

In the process of collecting the Department's SEFA regarding the Department's federal expenditures reported by program for the fiscal year, we observed the Department struggle more than once to try and determine which program their federal expenditures applied to. We also noted significant variances between the amounts of federal expenditures which were applied to each program throughout the process as well. We requested further information and adjusted the County's SEFA by program and by amount of federal expenditures as necessary.

Recommendation

We recommend that the County conduct a training session with Department fiscal staff on Department SEFA preparation, and that, prior to submitting final SEFA data, County staff review the information to determine whether the federal expenditures appear to be properly stated by program.

Status

Implemented.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Audit Reference	
Number	

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

Finding 07-SA-4

Federal Grantor:

U.S. Department of Health and Human

Temporary Assistance for **Needy Families** CFDA 93.558

Pass-Through Entity: Compliance Requirement: Eligibility/Special Tests (IEVS)

Reporting Requirement:

State Department of Social Services

Material Weakness and Material

Noncompliance in Relation to

Major Program

Award No. n/a Year: 2006-2007

Condition

We tested twenty-four cases and noted that eight cases did not have current IEVS documents for all active individuals on the cases.

Recommendation

We recommend that the Department review this omission to request, review, and compare the IEVS to information in the case record. We recommend that the Department attempt to determine why the current system of controls failed to prevent these exceptions and that the Department establish and communicate a policy designed to ensure that IEVS information is requested, received, and reviewed and that this review is documented in each case.

Status

Not Implemented.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Audit Reference
Number

Status of Prior Year Audit Findings

Finding 07-SA-5

Federal Grantor:

U.S. Department of Health and Human

Services

Medical Assistance Pass-Through Entity:

State Departments of Health Services and

Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs

Program CFDA 93.778 Compliance Requirement: Eligibility/Special Tests (IEVS) Reporting Requirement:

Material Weakness and Material Noncompliance in Relation to

Award No. n/a Year: 2006-2007

Condition

We tested twenty-four cases and noted that six cases did not have current IEVS documents for all active individuals on the cases and three cases had current IEVS but they had not been signed and dated by the Eligibility Worker.

Major Program

Recommendation

We recommend that the Department review this omission to request, review, and compare the IEVS to information in the case record. We recommend that the Department attempt to determine why the current system of controls failed to prevent these exceptions and that the Department establish and communicate a policy designed to ensure that IEVS information is requested, received, and reviewed and that this review is documented in each case.

Status

Not Implemented.

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES
OF
THE OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES
AND
THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS
AND REHABILITATION PROGRAMS
GRANT EXPENDITURES

Schedule of the Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation Programs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Office of Emergency Services Grants

The following represents expenditures for Office of Emergency Services (OES) programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The amount reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is determined by calculating the federal protion of the current year expenditures.

								Share of Expenditures						
		Expenditures Claimed						Current Year						
	For	For the Period For the Year			Cumulative									
	1	Through		Ended		As of		Federal		State	County			
Program	Jur	ne 30, 2007	Jur	ne 30, 2008	June 30, 2008			Share		Share	Share			
		,												
VW 07260210 - Victim W	it <u>ness</u>	Assistance						:						
Personal services	\$	179,234	\$	170,102	\$	349,336	\$	78,826	\$	91,276	\$			
Operating expenses		2,702		8,055		10,757				8,055				
Equipment														
Totals	\$	181,936	\$	178,157	\$	360,093	\$	78,826	\$	99,331	\$			
			-				_				=			
VB 07050210 - Vertical Pr	osecu	tion												
Personal services	\$	91,799	\$	92,892	\$	184,691	\$		\$	92,892	\$			
Operating expenses		7,258		6,165		13,423				6,165				
Equipment														
Totals	\$	99,057	\$	99,057	\$	198,114	\$		\$	99,057	\$			
	_						_				_			
AT 06030210 - Child Abus	se Tre	atment	*G	rant year co	nfor	ms to the Fed	lera	l fiscal year -	- Oct	ober 1 - Sept	temb	er 30th		
Personal services	\$	35,110	\$	13,491	\$	48,601	\$	10,553	\$		\$	2,938		
Operating expenses		112,709		42,440		155,149		34,193				8,247		
Equipment					٠									
Totals	\$	147,819	\$	55,931	\$	203,750	\$	44,746	\$		\$	11,185		
			_				-	, ,	_					
AT 07040210 - Child Abu	se Tre	atment												
Personal services	\$		\$	4,954	\$	4,954	\$	4,954	\$		\$			
Operating expenses				96,169		96,169		76,180				19,989		
Equipment				***										
Totals	\$		\$	101,123	\$	101,123	\$	81,134	\$		\$	19,989		
•	-			\			_							
DC 07100210 - Coordinati	on of	Probation E	nfor	cement										
Personal services	\$		\$	177,058	\$	177,058	\$	177,058	\$		\$			
Operating expenses														
Equipment			_	m-m										
Totals	\$		\$	177,058	\$	177,058	\$	177,058	\$		\$			
					_		-				-			

Schedule of the Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation Programs For the Year Ended June 30, 2008

Office of Emergency Services Grants

The following represents expenditures for Office of Emergency Services (OES) programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The amount reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is determined by calculating the federal protion of the current year expenditures.

				Share of Expenditures							
	E	penditures Clair	ned	Current Year							
	For the Period	For the Year	Cumulative								
	Through	Ended	As of	Federal	State	County					
Program	June 30, 2007	June 30, 2008	June 30, 2008	Share Share		Share					
HT 07070210 - High Tech	nology Theft Ap	orehension & Pro		m							
Personal services	\$ 317,777	\$ 327,497	\$ 645,274	\$	\$ 327,497	\$					
Operating expenses	2,116,799	2,107,079	4,223,878		1,620,164	486,915					
Equipment											
Totals	\$ 2,434,576	\$ 2,434,576	\$ 4,869,152	\$	\$ 1,947,661	\$ 486,915					
HD 07070210 - High Tech	nology Theft Ap	prehension & Pro	osecution Progra	ım - Identify Th	eft Units						
Personal services	\$ 46,613	\$ 31,895	\$ 78,508	\$	\$ 31,895	\$					
Operating expenses	655,766	670,484	1,326,250		530,008	140,476					
Equipment		<u></u>									
Totals	\$ 702,379	\$ 702,379	\$ 1,404,758	\$	\$ 561,903	\$ 140,476					

California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation Grants

The following represents expenditures for the California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation programs for the year ended June 30, 2008. The amount reported in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is determined by calculating the federal protion of the current year expenditures.

	Expenditures Claimed							Share of Expenditures Current Year							
Program	T	the Period hrough e 30, 2007		or the Year Ended ne 30, 2008	-	umulative As of ne 30, 2008		Federal Share	ral State			County Share			
CSA 129-07 - Juvenile Acc	countal	bility Incen	tive	Block Gran	t										
Personal services	\$	15,598	\$	15,598	\$	31,196	\$	15,598	\$		\$				
Operating expenses															
Equipment															
Totals	\$	15,598	\$	15,598	\$	31,196	\$	15,598	\$		\$				
CSA 351-06 - Title II Form	nula Gi	rants													
Personal services	\$	4,588	\$	614,684	\$	619,272	\$	614,684	\$		\$				
Operating expenses															
Equipment															
Totals	\$	4,588	\$	614,684	\$	619,272	\$	614,684	\$		\$				